

# The Cromwell Argus

## AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 161, Vol. IV.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1872.

[Price 6d.]

### Cromwell Advertisements



**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE  
AND  
RETAIL  
FAMILY GROCERS,  
AND  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO. desire to return thanks to the people of Cromwell and the surrounding districts for the liberal encouragement they have received since opening the above establishment; and as they intend devoting their attention exclusively to the Grocery and Wine and Spirit trade, they confidently hope, from their connection in Dunedin, to be able to place before the public a genuine class of goods, well and carefully selected, at prices that cannot fail to give general satisfaction. They would respectfully invite attention more especially to the following articles in stock:—

Teas of excellent flavor, in chests, half-chests, and boxes  
Coffee not to be surpassed in quality  
Cocoa and Chocolate of the best brands  
Sugar—crystals and crushed loaf  
Raisins—Muscatel, Sultan, and Eleme  
Jams, Jellies, Pickles, and Sauces  
Bacon, Cheese, and Butter of prime quality  
Tobacco—Imperial Ruby Twist, Barrett's Twist, Old Sport, andromatic  
Oils—Salad, Castor, and Kerosene  
Candles of the best brands  
Soaps—Blue Mottled, Yellow, and Scented in bars and cakes, &c., &c.

#### GRAIN.

Wakatip Oats, Wheat and Chaff  
SPIRITS.  
Islay Whisky—Arbog's and Long Jones'  
Hennessey's and Martell's Brandy, in bulk and case  
J.D.K.Z. Geneva  
Burnett's Old Tom  
Lemon Hart's Rum in bulk  
Porter—Blood's, Byass's, and Guinness's

#### CORDIALS.

Ginger Wine, Raspberry Vinegar, Peppermint, Lemon Syrup, &c., &c.  
Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla

Families waited on for orders, and goods delivered in all parts of the district at Cromwell prices.

**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,**  
HAVING RECEIVED A NEW AND SELECT  
ASSORTMENT OF  
**IRONMONGERY,**

Beg to call public attention to the following:—

Blasting Powder and Fuse; Long and Short handle Shovels; Picks, Pick Handles, and Sluice Forks; Pannikins, Gold Dishes, Billies; Galvanized Iron Buckets; Ameri. an Tubs, Buckets, and Brooms; Axes and Handles; Manila Rope for mining purposes; Drilling Hammers and Handles; White Lead; Castor Oil in bulk; Washing-boards; Brushware of every description; Nails; Canvases; Hose Pipes.—Contracts undertaken for supplying Mining Co.'s with Material of all kinds, on liberal terms. Free delivery

**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.'s  
DEPOT FOR MINING TOOLS,  
CROMWELL.**



**F. SANSON, SADDLER  
AND  
HARNESS-MAKER,**

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict attention and moderate charges, to merit the public patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

### Cromwell Advertisement

**I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,**  
GENERAL IMPORTERS,

**CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, ARROWTOWN, & MELBOURNE.**

WE have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants generally to our Large Stock, as enumerated in this advertisement. It does not detail all the articles we keep, for to do so would be almost impossible. We have endeavoured to enumerate all the principal articles of each class; but every want necessary in a Mining, Agricultural, and Pastoral community can be supplied.

All our purchases being for cash, we thus possess an advantage that few are able to avail themselves of.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, with the conviction that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed, and the articles found to be of good value.

**Drapery.**—The attention of Ladies is respectfully directed to this Department. It will be found replete with all the latest novelties from the Melbourne markets, and arrangements have been made for regular shipments per each steamer.

Dresses, in silks, fancy and black; alpacas, challies, mohairs, wineceys, muslins, prints, coburgs Shawls, all-wool plaids, French merinos, skirtings, jackets, &c.

Hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, laces, trimmings of all kinds

Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.—Our stock will be found the largest and best-assorted on the Gold-fields

Ladies' and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed

Feathers, flowers, corsets, chignons, &c.

A large assortment of white and coloured flannels, serges and cricketing; calicoes and sheetings; and every other article required in the trade.

**Slop Department.**—Men's Suits, Paget and suit; boys' ditto, Leopold, Stanley, sac, and knickerbocker; Trousers and vests, all kinds

Trousers, in silk mixture, doeskin, tweed, cotton, Bedford cord, and moleskin

Shirts—white dress, regatta, Crimean, serge, Scotch twill, tweed, and plain

Pants and under-shirts, in flannel, lambswool, serge, merino, and cotton

Men's and boys' Hosiery, of all kinds

Hats—straw, merino, tweed, silk-stitched, felt, and plush, in all the latest shapes

Waterproof coats, overalls, leggings and son'-westers; monkey jackets and pilot coats

All the above Goods are to our special order.

**Boots and Shoes.**—A splendid assortment, consisting of: Ladies', girls', and children's boots, in kid, cashmere, morocco, and leather

Slippers—canvases, patent leather (plain and fur-trimmed), sheepskin, and carpet

Men's and boys' boots—elastic-side, Balmoral, Blucher, Wellington, half-Wellington, and riding boots; Colonial water-tights, made to our order in Melbourne

Gum boots—Hayward's North British and Liverpool; Hardy's nuggets.

**Carpets.**—In tapestry, felt, all-wool kiddleminster, drugget; hearth-rugs.

**Matting.**—China and coir; oilcloth, door-mats.

**Ironmongery, Mining Tools, and Agricultural Implements.**—Anvils, axes, augers, adzes, balances; bells, bags, blacking, brushes (all kinds), baking-dishes, bilbies, braces and bitts, black-lead, bellows, boilers, bedsteads, bolts, blocks, candlesticks, chains (various), candle-moulds, colanders, compasses, chisels, coal-scuttles, scoop and vase; corkscrews, coffin furniture, cash-boxes, door-scrappers, drippers, egg-whisks, slice and cups; fuse, frying-pans, funnels, files, fenders and fire-irons, fish-hooks, gimblets, grindstones, graters, glue, gridirons, gold-blowers, dishes and sieves, grates, gads, guns, glue-pots, hammers (all kinds), hoes, jelly-moulds, knives, a large assortment; knives and forks, knife-boards, kettles, lanterns, locks, ladders, milk dishes, cans, strainers, sieves, and yokes; measuring tapes, mops, mallets, nails of every kind, pitch, picks, pumps, powder, pincers, piping, ploughs, quoits, quicksilver, rules, rope, resin, rivets, rasps, rakes, ship scrapers, sickles and bats, slop-pails, saws of all kinds, sieves, seaming twine, sponges, scoops, sheep-shears, saucepans, shovels and spades, spirit-levels, soldering-irons, solder, spokeshaves, shot, steel-yards, scales, screws, staples, stewpans, teapots, trowels, tar, tacks, tubs, tuc-irons, vices, waiters, washing boards and powder, window furniture of all kinds, writing cases, zinc, &c., &c.

**Timber and Building Materials.**—Shelving, 12 and 14 inches wide; T. and G. Lumber T. and G. Scotch Flooring, 1, 2, 3, 1, 1 1/2 inch; beaded and plain match lining

Quartering, American hardwood, 3 x 1, 3 x 1 1/2, 3 x 2, 4 x 3, 4 x 6; mouldings, various sizes

Galvanised and painted iron, all sizes; rolled zinc, spouting, brackets, down-piping heats

Screws, nails, locks, hinges, and bolts; doors, glass, raised panel, and plain sashes, all sizes, blue, umbre, ochre, &c.; Oils—raw, boiled, colza, olive, turpentine, &c.; oak and copal varnish, asphaltum, oak-stain, knotting

Paperhangings—a large assortment of drawing-room, sitting-room, bed-room, hall, passage, and ceiling, various; borderings, all kinds.

**Tinware** of every description, a large assortment, all kinds.

**Kitchen Utensils.**—Stoves, boilers, saucepans, kettles, &c.

**Crockery.**—a large and well-assorted department.

**Lamps, Glassware, Kerosene, Lampware.**—large assortment.

**Furniture, Bedding, &c.**—Bedsteads: an assortment of French and stump double, single, and children's bedsteads and cots

Chairs: Ladies, Florence, Lincoln, Fillimore, dining, American wood, spring hair, rocking; easy-chairs, in hair, cane, and wood

Commodies, cheffoniers, children's high and low chairs, cane and wood; chests of drawers

Tables: round and square, dining, loo, and dressing, various

Washstands, in cedar and walnut; towel-horses, mahogany, cedar, turned and plain

Sofas, a large assortment, colonial made, with or without backs, pillows, and cushions

Mattresses: feather, hair, flock, fibre, any size; pillows and bolsters, do. do. do.

**Leather.**—Crop, kip, calf, kangaroo, &c., from the Tannery of Michaelis, Hallenstein, and Co

**Grindery.**—a large assortment.

**Tobacco and Cigars.**—Being direct importers of these goods, buyers can always depend on getting a first-class article.

Tobacco: fancy and aromatic, silver coil, Atlantic cable, old sport, navy, fives, sixes, tens, imperial ruby, gold bar; dark aromatic—tens, bashful lover, little sunshade, monster; Barrett's twist and cut tobaccos; snuff

Cigars: Trabancos, Havana, Princess, and Swiss.

**Stationery and Books.**—Account-books, all sizes and bindings; minute-books, bill-files, blotting-paper, memo. books, copying letter-books, copy and exercise books, date-cases, envelopes, all kinds and sizes; elastic bands, foolscap (plain and ruled), gum mullage, ink of all kinds; inkstands, a large variety; letter balances, clips, and files; pass books

Note and letter paper, white, blue, and mourning; pens of all kinds, pencils, playing-cards, pocket-books, purses, slates, albums, rulers, sealing-wax, tissue-paper, all colours; desks

Books: an assortment of family and pocket Bibles, church services, and prayer-books

Poetical Works of Byron, Moore, Scott, Burns, Milton, Cowper, Cook, Chaucer, Longfellow, Gift books; dictionaries—French, Latin, German, and English; geographies, arithmetics.

**Fancy Goods.**—A large, choice, and varied assortment.

**Patent Medicines.**—Large assortment; also, a variety of Horse Medicines.

**Perfumery.**—"from every flower that breathes a fragrance."

**Saddlery.**—This department will be found very complete, as all goods are manufactured expressly for us by Alston, of Melbourne.

Bridles, with or without bits; a large assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's, double and single rein, Pelham and snaffle; all prices.

Curry-combs and brushes of all kinds; halters; hobbles, various.

Saddles, ladies' and gentlemen's; demy, stock, green hide, and all over hogskin; various prices.

Saddle-cloths, kersey, felt; saddle-girths, leather, web; saddle straps, spurs of all kinds; valises, martingales and breastplates, various; stirrup leathers, ladies' slippers and stirrup leathers, cruppers, bits, burnisters, headstalls, ladies' worked saddle-cloths.

Spring cart harness complete, dray harness complete, leading sets complete.

Pack saddles, straps, needles, buckles, hemp knives.

Whips, a large variety; jockey whips, silver mounted, green hide; ladies' twigs, various kinds; buggy whips, cart whips, all sizes; stockwhips and handles, thongs of all kinds.

**Produce.**—Agents for Robertson and Hallenstein, Brunswick Flour Mills, Lake Wakatip. We have for sale their silk-dressed Flour, (equal to Adelaide); pollard, bran, oats, wheat, barley, chaff. Garden seeds in great variety.

**Sundries.**—Tents, tarpaulins, Manila rope, hose canvas, horse-covers, wheelbarrows, hose-directors, brushware, camp and colonial ovens, candles, lime, &c. &c. &c.

### Cromwell Advertisements

**VICTORIA STORE, CROMWELL.**

**I. WRIGHT,  
FAMILY GROCER.**

Crockery, Glassware, Musical Instruments, Brushware, Stationery, Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods and Toys of every description, Paperhangings, Glass, Oils, Colours, Paint, Varnish, Glue, Cus Tips, &c. Thompson's Cement for Cus Tips, English & Colonial Newspapers and Magazines | Oats & Chaff.

**CROMWELL, TIMBER & IRON YARD**  
LATE MR GRANT'S

**NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD**

**JAMES TAYLOR,**

**Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,**



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest Prices compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope, SADDLERY, &c., cheap. 25

**Cromwell Veterinary Shoeing Forge**

Next door to Kidd's Cromwell Hotel.

**EDWARD LINDSAY,**

(Late of Clyde and Melbourne),

**GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND MACHINIST,**

Begs to intimate to his customers and the general public that he has REMOVED to his NEW PREMISES, next to the Cromwell Hotel, Melbourne Terrace, where he will carry on every description of Blacksmith work and Farriery as heretofore.

E. LINDSAY begs to intimate to the Public generally that he has gone to the expense of getting a CAST-IRON BED for FIRING WHEELS on a new principle, being the first introduced up-country, which he will guarantee to give general satisfaction; also, that he has made a reduction in the price of Horse-shoeing.

LIGHT SHOES : : 12s.  
DRAUGHT " : : 17s.

**EDWARD LINDSAY,  
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.**

**THOMAS FOOTE,**

**TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,**

MELMORE TERRACE,

**CROMWELL.**

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.



**JUNCTION BAKERY,**

**CROMWELL.**

**C. W. WRIGHT,**

**BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER.**

Bread Delivered in all Parts of the District.



**THE CROMWELL BAKERY**

**J. SCOTT,**

**BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,**

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

## Cromwell



CROMWELL.

# FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,

(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

\*Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3½d per lb.



# CROMWELL BUTCHERY

(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

KARL PRETSCH,

# COACH & GENERAL PAINTER,

etc.,

Has now PAPERHANGINGS, PAINTS of every description, GLASS, and MOULDINGS, on Sale at Low Prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Buggies and Vehicles of every description painted in the best style.

Colours Prepared in any Shade required

Address: Next door but one to MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL, CROMWELL.

# BELFAST STORE,

CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE, &c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Runholders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,

CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

# JULES LA FONTAINE,

WHEELWRIGHT,

Begs to inform the public that he has now arranged to remain in CROMWELL constantly, and that he is prepared to execute all orders and repairs with which he may be intrusted.

Premises in Cromwell:

Opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

# PLASHETTS COLLIERY,

(adjoining Richards's Ferry.)

DAGG, PRIMATE, & BENNETT,  
COAL MERCHANTS,  
CROMWELL.

Are now supplying HOUSEHOLD COAL of very superior quality at current prices,—viz., 20s. per ton at the pit, or 32s. per ton delivered.

The seam of coal in the PLASHETTS COLLIERY is admittedly the best ever opened in the district, and the proprietors confidently solicit a share of public patronage.

Regular Customers may depend upon being kept constantly supplied

## Cromwell

# KAWARAU HOTEL,

CROMWELL.

F. BASTINGS, late of the Commercial Hotel, Lawrence, having taken the above Hotel, hopes to merit a share of public patronage.

N.B.—GOOD STABLING.

BEFORE purchasing your WATCHES, CLOCKS, and JEWELLERY, call on

E. MURRELL,

and inspect his CHOICE STOCK of the above articles.

As all his Watches and Clocks are TAKEN TO PIECES, CLEANED, and ADJUSTED before they are delivered, Customers may depend on getting an article that will give satisfaction.

All kinds of WATCHES, CLOCKS, and MUSICAL BOXES cleaned and repaired.

Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted.

Observe the address:

NEXT MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL.

CHARLES COLOUGH,

# SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION AGENT, ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,

CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

MR H. W. SMYTHIES,  
MINING SURVEYOR AND AGENT.

Legal Managership & REGISTRATION of Companies undertaken.

Office: Town Hall, Cromwell.

MR LAKE,  
SURGEON,

May be consulted at his Residence, west end of MELMORE-STREET,  
(Premises lately occupied by Mr Goodger).

JUST ARRIVED,—A Large Lot of PAPERHANGINGS and FURNITURE; CHEFFONIERS, CHILDREN'S COTS, &c., &c.

JAMES TAYLOR,

Cromwell Timber Yard.

# FIRE INSURANCE.

PROMPTITUDE and LIBERALITY in the Settlement of Claims; the LOWEST RATES OF PREMIUM consistent with Safety; UNDOUBTED SECURITY; and LIBERAL REGULATIONS.

MESSRS GILLIES AND STREET,  
Land and Estate Agents, Princes-street,

Dunedin, having been appointed agents for Otago of the well-known and long-established Office,

# THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,

(Established, 1797; Re-organised, 1821.)

Are now prepared to undertake the INSURANCE FROM FIRE of every description of property, and to GUARANTEE THAT ALL LOSSES WILL BE PROMPTLY AND LIBERALLY SETTLED BY THEMSELVES, thus avoiding the delay, anxiety, and inconvenience occasioned by Agents having to consult Boards of Directors and others at a distance.

Every information as to the Society's Rates and Principles, or as to Special Rates, may be obtained free on application, personally or by letter, to the HEAD OFFICE FOR OTAGO:

Messrs GILLIES & STREET, Agents.

Or of the district agents, as under:

AGENT FOR CROMWELL,

DUNCAN MACKELLAR.

CLYDE—G. FACHE.

# VICTORIA FIRE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL.....£2,200,000.

J. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,

AGENTS,

CROMWELL.

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## Cromwell

# SUMMER DRAPERY.

Ex Otago and Hydaspes.

We are now opening out

37 PACKAGES OF DRAPERY, specially suited for the Summer Season, which have been personally selected and bought for CASH, and will be disposed of at VERY LOW PRICES to suit the times.

Our new Stock comprises all the latest novelties from London and Paris. Being too varied to particularise, we enumerate only LEADING LINES.

Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, in Dolly Varden, Mandarin, Neilson, and Sydney,—all newest shapes.  
Girls' ditto.  
Ladies' Dresses in Silks, Mohairs, Grenadines, Muslins, Merinos, Prints, &c. &c.  
Ladies' Chemisettes, Ties, and Sleeves,—a great variety.  
Sunshades,—all kinds.  
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.  
&c. &c. &c.

Men's and Boys' Clothing, in immense variety.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF DRAPERY ON THE GOLD-FIELDS.—AN INSPECTION INVITED.

J. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,  
Drapers and Importers.

# WINES. SPIRITS. GROCERIES.

IN Order to meet the increasing requirements of the district, we have opened out in the above lines. By purchasing for CASH, and keeping the best class of goods obtainable, and selling them at reasonable prices, we trust to receive a share of patronage.

BRANDY—Hennessey's in case and bulk  
RUM—best Jamaica  
WHISKY—Lorne Highland  
Dunville's, Islay  
PORT WINE—Offley's four grape  
SHERRY—Gonzalez's four diamond  
COLONIAL WINE, GENEVA, Old Tom, GINGER WINE, CORDIALS, BITTERS (various), &c. &c.

GROCERIES of the best quality, in Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Candles, Soaps, Raisins, Currants, Sauces, Oysters, Salmon, &c. &c.

J. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,  
GENERAL IMPORTERS,  
Cromwell, Queenstown, Arrow, and Melbourne.

# NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, beg to inform the inhabitants of the Cromwell, Alexandra, and Clyde districts that we have appointed

J. Hallenstein and Co., Cromwell,

As our only AGENTS for the sale of our Silk-dressed

FLOUR, BRAN, AND POLLARD.

We guarantee all Flour branded with our name, and obtained through the above agents.

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN,  
Brunswick Flour Mills,  
LAKE WAKATIP.

# CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Reading-room is open to Subscribers on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Library contains an extensive variety of Books in every department of literature; and about £60 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly 12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

# NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this date.

J. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 12th May 1870.—27th

# Bannockburn

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.  
(Late of Loganstown),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS

Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that they have removed to QUARTZVILLE, next to HAZLETT's Carrick Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of their patronage.

## Bannockburn

# STUART'S FERRY,

KAWARAU RIVER.



Main crossing-place between Cromwell and the Nevis for Waggon, Drays, Horses, and Foot passengers.

Children attending School, Free.

# THE FERRY HOTEL

Has first-class accommodation for Travellers.

# BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,

DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,  
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c

The new Ferry being now OPEN FOR TRAFFIC, the Public are invited to cross the Kawarau River on the

BEST PUNT IN THE PROVINCE, which is on the direct road to Bannockburn, the Nevis, and the Carrick Range Reefs.

John Richards - Proprietor.

# BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD

AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,

Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS PORTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash

# CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,

QUARTZVILLE,  
(In the immediate vicinity of the Carrick Reefs.)

THOMAS HAZLETT - Proprietor.

Having purchased from Mr JOHN M'CORMICK the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, I am now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour me with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, regardless of expense, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODOUS BILLIARD ROOM, fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables

An excellent SIX-STALLED STABLE on the premises, and a careful groom always in attendance.

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T. HAZLETT.

# BANNOCKBURN COAL MINE

J. SMITH,

COAL MERCHANT,

Having obtained a lease of the above well-known Coal Works, begs to inform the residents at Bannockburn, Carrick Range, Bendigo, Kawarau Gorge, and throughout the district, that he is prepared to SUPPLY (in any quantity) COAL of excellent quality, at 15s. per ton taken from the pit's mouth; or, delivered, 1s 9d per bag and upwards, according to distance.

N.B.—Drays leave the Bannockburn for Cromwell twice a week. Loading carried back on reasonable terms.

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## Cromwell



## EARL OF CARRICK.

The imported Clydesdale Stallion EARL OF CARRICK will stand for the season at POISON CREEK FARM, Wanaka Road.

Terms ... £3 10s.,  
to be paid at time of service.

**EARL OF CARRICK** (imported from Victoria) is a beautiful black horse, possessing great bone and substance; is eight years old, and stands 16 hands high. His stock can be seen at the owner's farm.

EARL OF CARRICK was bred at Mansfield, Victoria, by J. Steele, Esq., and was got by the famous horse Blackleg, which carried off thirty-one prizes, and never was beaten in Victoria. Earl of Carrick's dam, — a prize Clydesdale mare, imported from Scotland.

CHARLES HAIR, Proprietor,  
Poison Creek.

J. C. CHAPPLE,  
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet with prompt attention.

## Clyde

## PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

**JAMES AND STANBROOK** beg to inform their numerous friends and the public that they intend starting business as

AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS, GENERAL  
AGENTS AND ACCOUNTANTS,

at the commencement of the New Year, and from their well-known business habits, trust that they will meet with a fair share of public patronage.

Mr STANBROOK, so well-known throughout the whole of the up-country districts, will, as Auctioneer, conduct all Sales with which the Firm may be favoured.

OFFICES—CROMWELL & CLYDE.

October 16, 1872.

## MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

M. MARSHALL,  
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,

SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS  
VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial  
Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at  
small advance upon English prices.

## Nevis

I HAVE never seen so GREAT A VARIETY  
of GOODS, and of such SUPERIOR QUALITY,  
anywhere else as is now ON SALE at the  
BRITISH STORES, NEVIS.

## Arrowtown

R. PRITCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper,  
WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,  
ARROWTOWN.

The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines,  
Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district.  
A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes,  
Drapery, &c.

Agent for

T. ROBINSON & Co.,  
Agricultural Implement Manufacturers,  
Dunedin and Melbourne.

## Bendigo

JOSIAH MITCHINSON,

Wholesale and Retail

STOREKEEPER,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MER-  
CHANT,

WAKEFIELD STORE,

(Near Cromwell Quartz Co.'s Machine),

BENDIGO.

GOODS DELIVERED

At all parts of the Reefs.

BENDIGO POST OFFICE.

Interest at the rate of 12½ per cent charged on  
all accounts due over two months.

## Luggate

ALBION HOTEL AND STORE,

LUGGATE,

28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to  
Lake Wanaka).

H. MAIDMAN ..... Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accom-  
modation for the comfort and convenience of  
travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery  
Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at  
Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.

N.B.—District Post Office.

## Wanaka

WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.

The above hotel, which is delightfully  
situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake,  
offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker  
advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is ex-  
ceedingly picturesque; and on an Island in  
the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a  
PADDOCK, for horses.

THEODORE RUSSELL,  
Proprietor.

## Alexandra

MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,  
ALEXANDRA

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce  
that they are prepared to supply their  
SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free of cartage within twenty  
miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;

Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

Or at the BREWERY, will be promptly attended  
to.

THEYERS AND BECK,  
BREWERS,  
ALEXANDRA.

## Queenstown

[A CARD.]

D. POWELL,  
AUCTIONEER, &c.

SALE ROOMS - BALLARAT-STREET,  
QUEENSTOWN.

OFFICE:

Ballarat-st. (opposite the Family Hotel)

ROBERT BOYNE,  
GENERAL STOREKEEPER  
AND NEWS AGENT,  
Queenstown, Lake Wakatip.

A large stock of Groceries and other goods  
always on hand. Importer of English and Colo-  
nial Newspapers. Orders punctually attended  
to, and newspapers forwarded to any part of the  
district.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.



## CROMWELL ARGUS

General Printing Office,

MELMORE TERRACE.

MATTHEWS & FENWICK,

MERCANTILE AND DECORATIVE  
PRINTERS,

EXECUTE ORDERS FOR

PRINTING

OF EVERY KIND

In the most modern styles of the Art.

BOOK AND PAMPHLET WORK.

Unsurpassed in the Colony.

PLAIN, ENAMELLED, { CARDS } COLORED, EMBOSSED,

In endless variety of style.

## ADMISSION TICKETS

For Balls, Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments,  
Soirees, &c. &c.

## BALL PROGRAMMES.

NEWEST STYLES.

Business & Invitation Circulars.

Printed in New and Elegant Type,

ON FINE POST OR FANCY NOTE PAPER.

MINING COMPANIES' SCRIP.

(Superior to Lithographed)

ON FIRST-CLASS LOAN PAPER.

## POSTERS,

ANY SIZE,

BLACK OR COLOURED INKS.

ILLUMINATED SHOW-CARDS,

SUPERB DESIGNS,

In Coloured Inks or Gold Bronze.

Receipt and Delivery Books

Neatly printed and strongly bound.

Catalogues, Hand Bills, Programmes.

Labels, Memo.'s, Societies' Rules.

Bags and Wrapping Papers.

Prospectuses, Envelopes.

Ale & Porter Labels,

Circular Labels.

—AND—

EVERY OTHER KIND OF PRINTING!

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne.—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver complaints, depression of spirits, delusions, unfitsness for business or study, failure of hearing, sight, and memory, lassitude, want of power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy PHOSPHODYNE (ozone oxygen), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and vigour to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and storekeepers throughout the colonies, from whom pamphlets containing testimonials may be obtained. Caution: Be particular to ask Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad. Wholesale agents for New Zealand:—Kempthorne, Prosser, & Co., Dunedin.

Fearful Wounds from Erysipelas cured by Holloway's Ointment and Pills!—Mr A. Coles, for five years in the employ of Mr Oliver, coach-builder, Twickenham, had been ill, off and on, for fourteen years, and for the last seven was continually under the care of one surgeon or the other, besides being a patient for a considerable time of one of the Hospitals for settled Erysipelas, in both legs, which discharged quantities of water, and humours issuing from several large wounds. His age being seventy-two it was expected that the disease would kill him, and yet this poor man has been perfectly cured in six weeks by Holloway's Ointment and Pills.

## ALL CURES MADE EASY!

## HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers & Sores, Bad Breasts, and  
Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other  
Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps,  
and all other Derangements of the  
Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the  
Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both Ointment and Pills should be used in the  
following Disorders:

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes	Scurvy
and Sandflies	Sore Heads
Coco-bay	Tumours
Chico-foot	Ulcers
Chilblains	Wounds and Yaws
Fistulas	Cancers
Gout	Contracted and Stiff
Glandular Swellings	Joints
Lumbago	Elephantiasis
Piles	Chapped Hands
Rheumatism	Corns (soft)

There is a considerable saving by taking the  
larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

## The Cromwell Argus

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY TUESDAY AFTERNOON,

And delivered the same day,

BY SPECIAL MESSENGERS, THROUGHOUT THE  
DISTRICT.

SUBSCRIPTION:

SIX SHILLINGS & QUARTER.

CASUAL ADVERTISEMENTS:

Each insertion under four, per inch ..... 3/-  
On four or more insertions, a reduction of 25 /

STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS





# CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB RACE MEETING.

Thursday and Friday, 26th and 27th December 1872.

## STEWARDS:

MESSRS JAMES COWAN  
JAMES TAYLOR  
J. B. LAKE  
CHARLES COLCLOUGH

MESSRS I. LOUGHNAN  
DAVID A. JOLLY  
ROBERT E. DAGG  
ROBERT KIDD.

JUDGE—MR J. HARDING.

HANDICAPPER—MR A. R. B. THOMSON.

STARTER—MR JAS. DAWKINS.

CLERK OF THE COURSE—MR OWEN PIERCE.

## PROGRAMME.

### FIRST DAY.

CROMWELL DERBY: a sweepstake of £5 5s.,—£2 2s. forfeit,—with £50 added. Entrance, £2 2s. on nomination; and balance of sweep, £3 3s., to be made good on night of general entry. Colts, 8st. 10lb.; fillies, 8st. 5lb. Distance, 1½ mile. Entries closed.

HACK HURDLE RACE: £15. Distance, 1¼ mile, over five flights of hurdles. Entrance, £1 1s. No weight less than 10st. Post entry.

GRAND STAND HANDICAP: £60. Distance, 1¼ mile. Nomination, £1 1s. Acceptance, £2 2s.

MINERS' PURSE: £15. For all Hacks. Distance, ¾ mile—heats. No weight less than 10st. No horse to run that has won an advertised prize of over £15. Entrance, 20s. Post entry.

FLYING HANDICAP: £40. Distance, ¾ mile. Nomination, £1 1s. Acceptance, £1 1s. Winner of Grand Stand Handicap to carry 7lb. penalty.

### SECOND DAY.

MAIDEN PLATE: £30. For all horses that have never won an advertised prize of over £25. Weight for age. Distance, 1¼ mile. Entrance, £2. Winner of "Derby" to carry 7lb. penalty.

HANDICAP HURDLE RACE: £60, with £2 2s. sweepstake added. Distance, 2¼ miles, over eight flights of hurdles. Nomination, £1 1s. Acceptances, £2 2s.

JOCKEY CLUB HANDICAP: £100, with a sweepstake of £3 3s., to go to the second horse. Distance, two miles. Nomination, £2 2s. Acceptance, £3 3s.

HACK SELLING RACE: £20. Winner to be sold for £20: surplus to go to Race fund. Distance, ¾ mile—heats. Entrance, £1. No weight under 10st. Post entry.

CONSOLATION HANDICAP: £30. Distance, one mile. Nomination, 15s. Acceptance, 15s.

Nominations for the Grand Stand Handicap, Handicap Hurdle, and Flying Handicap, to be forwarded to the Secretary at or before 8 p.m. on Wednesday, 11th December. Weights to be declared in CROMWELL ARGUS of 17th and Otago Daily Times of 18th December. Acceptances to be received by the Secretary not later than 8 p.m. on night of general entry (Dec. 24).

Nominations for Jockey Club Handicap and Maiden Plate to be lodged with the Secretary on night of general entry. Weights for the Jockey Club Handicap to be declared on night of first day's races. Acceptances to be received by 10 a.m. on 27th December.

## RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Mares and Geldings allowed 3lbs.

No entries will be received for any of the above races except upon this condition: that all disputes, claims, and objections arising out of the racing shall be decided by the Stewards, or whom they may appoint. Their decision upon all points connected with the carrying out of the programme shall be final.

No person shall be allowed to enter or run a horse for any race in this programme (post entry races excepted) unless the latter be qualified as the bona fide property of a subscriber of not less than £2 2s. to the Race Fund.

Entries to be received by the Secretary before p.m. on the 24th December: entrance money enclosed, with name, age, and pedigree (if any)

of the horse, name of owner, and colours of rider.

Any jockey riding except in the colours entered will be fined £2.

Five per cent. will be deducted from gross amount of all stakes for expenses.

Horses walking over will receive 50 per cent. of the stakes.

The Dunstan Jockey Club Rules will be strictly enforced.

Any person entering a protest will have to deposit £2, and should such be deemed frivolous by the Stewards, will have to forfeit the amount.

N.B.—No entries or acceptances will be received on any pretence whatever after the time specified.

WILLIAM MACNAB, SECRETARY.

## NOTICE.

### BANK OF NEW ZEALAND.

AN AGENCY of the above Bank has this day been opened in MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL.

ROBT. M'OWEN, Agent.

Cromwell, Nov. 25, 1872.

FOR SALE,—One FOURTH SHARE in the BANNOCKBURN WATER RACE.

Enquiries as to price, and other particulars, can be made on the Race, just above Kawarau Station.

## TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders will be received up to FIRST DAY OF JANUARY for PACKING SIX MILES OF FENCING MATERIAL to top of Dunstan Range, at per ton. Contractors to find Horses and Pack-saddles.

Tenders to be addressed to Mr ALEXANDER M'LEAN, Manager, Ardour Station, from whom all information can be obtained.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

## THE LATE FIRE.

I beg to tender my sincere thanks to all those who assisted myself and family under our misfortune. My gratitude is specially due to Mr and Mrs HOWE for their kindness and hospitality on the night of the fire; also to Mr SMYTHIES, who generously gave up his cottage for our accommodation.

J. HARDING.

Cromwell, Dec. 9.

## NOTICE.

WE hereby give notice that any person or persons from this date INTERFERING WITH OUR RACE, and diverting therefrom water for irrigation or any other purpose, shall be PROSECUTED according to law: said Race arising at Lowburn and terminating at Kawarau Gorge.

MULHOLLAND & CO.

Kawarau Gorge, Dec. 9, 1872.

## FOR SALE.

ONE SIXTH SHARE in the RISE AND SHINE GOLD MINING COMPANY.

For particulars, apply to

WILLIAM MACNAB, Sharebroker.

## FOR SALE.

ONE FIFTH SHARE in a WATER-RACE, CLAIM, &c.; also TWO-ROOMED HOUSE, 12 x 16; situate at KAWARAU GORGE.

For further particulars, apply to

JOHN JONES.

## NOTICE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, The Business and Stock-in-Trade

of a

BAKERY, BUTCHERY, AND GENERAL STORE, (now doing a good business,) AT

WITTEN'S CREEK, UPPER NEVIS.

The present owner will guarantee to the purchaser not to start opposition business.—Possession given early.

WM. MASTERS.

NERVOUSNESS—DEBILITY—LOSS OF POWER—SPERMATORRHOEA—THE INDISCRETIONS OF EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease.

## DR L. L. SMITH

has devoted himself for twenty years in the colony to the practice of this branch of his profession, while previously in England he was the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner who ever exclusively adopted this as the sole branch of his profession.

Dr L. L. Smith hereby informs the public that he is the only legally-qualified medical man in this specially of his profession; that others advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore, in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining money under false pretences.

Dr L. L. Smith also warns the public against the quackeries advertised. If the taker of any of these advertised nostrums escape with his life, or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably undermined by them, he may look upon himself as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many unfortunate broken-down young-old-men, utterly crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and flinched in pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this to the world.

Those men and women who have been the victims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek that recovery which is often beyond Dr Smith's control. When will the public understand that it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified medical man, who has made this his sole study, rather than apply to a number of ignorant impostors, who merely harp and prey upon their pockets and health?

Dr L. L. Smith has always stated that to warn the public of these quacksands is his chief reason for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, lowness of spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead, lassitude, inaptitude for business, impotency drainage from the system, and the various effects of errors of youth, and bloodpoisoning from diseases previously contracted, Dr L. L. Smith invites sufferers to consult him, as he has no hesitation in stating that no medical man, either here or in England, has had the opportunities of practice and extraordinary experience which he has had. Therefore, those who really desire to be treated by one who is at the head of his profession in this branch of medical practice should lose no time in seeking his advice. Nor should anyone marry without first consulting him.

The new Consulting Rooms are at

182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE, Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence of the Governor.)

Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.

CONSULTATION FEE (by letter) ... L.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so packed as to avoid observation.

Books published by the Doctor can be had on application to him.

## MUNICIPALITY OF CROMWELL.

TENDERS wanted for MAKING RESERVOIR and LAYING WATER PIPES.

Plans and Specifications to be seen at the Town Clerk's Office.

Tenders to be in not later than FRIDAY, December 13, at seven o'clock p.m.

H. W. SMYTHIES, Town Clerk.

## CARRICK RANGE WATER SUPPLY CO., REGISTERED.

A THIRD CALL of 2s. 6d. per share has been made in this Company, and the amount is payable at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on the 13th inst.

H. W. SMYTHIES, Legal Manager.

Dec. 5, 1872.

## TRY AGAIN COMPANY.

A MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the CLUTHA HOTEL on SATURDAY, 14th inst.

R. E. DAGG.

WANTED, an APPRENTICE to the PRINTING BUSINESS. Must be well educated.—Apply at the ARGUS Office.

WANTED,—A good GENERAL SERVANT. Apply to Mr FRAER, Cromwell.

WILLIAM JONES desires to publicly thank the Subscribers to the Fund raised for his benefit, and is glad to state that he is now out of the Hospital, and that he hopes to be able in a few months to engage in some light employment. He also wishes to offer a tribute of gratitude to Dr STERLING, of the Dunstan Hospital, whose urbanity, kindness, and attention endear him to all who come under his care.

## DEATH.

On the 6th December, at the Grove Farm, near Cromwell, SUSAN MARY JANE, eldest child of Mr John Towan, aged two years and five months.

## Cromwell Argus,

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1872.

The subjoined telegram re commonage was received yesterday by the Mayor from his Honor the Superintendent:—"I have agreed with Mr Loughnan for 7000 acres. Negotiating with him for a small agricultural lease block. Am also endeavouring to come to terms with two other holders of runs contiguous to Cromwell, J. MACANDREW." We may point out that the area above mentioned (7000 acres) is not so insignificant as may at first sight appear, seeing that it comprises nearly eleven square miles of country. However, we shall require at least an equal extent of land from each of the other adjacent runs to satisfy our requirements as regards commonage.—Previous to the receipt of his Honor's telegram, the Mayor received a message to the same effect from Mr Horace Hastings, the newly-appointed Secretary for (old-fields, who mentions 1500 acres as the extent of land which the Government are negotiating to obtain for purposes of agricultural settlement.

As the new Stamp Act (1872) is now in force, our readers will probably feel interested in becoming acquainted with its provisions, with those at least which apply to matters and transactions of business of every-day occurrence. The Act came into force on the 1st of the present month, and all the provisions in the Stamp Act of 1866, and its amendments, are to apply to this one. The duty on receipts for £2 and upwards, and on all orders, is reduced to one penny. The word "receipt" is defined to mean "any note, memorandum, or writing whatsoever whereby any money amounting to £2 or upwards, or any bill of exchange or promissory note for money, or any cheque, draft, or order for money, amounting to £2 or upwards, is acknowledged to have been received or deposited (the italics are ours), or paid or taken, or whereby the whole or part of any debt, claim, or demand amounting to £2 or upwards, is acknowledged either wholly or in part to have been settled, discharged, or satisfied,—whether such document is signed or not. It appears by this, that if money is ever deposited with a banker, a stamped receipt is necessary. The stamp on a receipt must be affixed and cancelled by the person giving the same before he delivers it out of his hands, under a penalty not exceeding £10. Any person paying £2 or upwards is entitled to demand a duly stamped receipt from the person receiving the money, and if such is not given, the person refusing is liable to a fine not exceeding £10.

Members of the Cromwell Commonage Committee are summoned by advertisement to meet in the Town-hall at eight o'clock this evening.

## New Advertisements.

MEETING of COMMONAGE COMMITTEE TO-NIGHT, at 8 p.m., in the TOWN-HALL. Business of Importance.

JOHN MARSH,

Secretary.

The usual quarterly Licensing Meeting of Justices was to have taken place at Cromwell Court-house on the 3rd inst., but it lapsed for want of a quorum. The applications sent in have consequently been remitted to the Superintendent, who is empowered by the Licensing Ordinance to deal with them in the event of such a contingency as that we have mentioned. The only application for a new license was that of Mr John M'Cormick, for the Bannockburn Bridge Hotel.

We direct attention to an advertisement announcing that the Bendigo Reefs Hotel has "phoenixed"—in other words that a new structure has been built by Mr Goodall on the site of the one destroyed by fire some six months ago. A free ball and supper to celebrate the re-opening of the hotel are to be given by the proprietor next Friday evening.

Mr D. L. Simpson, C.E., formerly resident at Cromwell as District Engineer for the Interior, has been appointed Provincial Engineer, in the room of Mr G. M. Barr, resigned.

Messrs A. H. Jagger & Co., proprietors of the Swan Brewery, have succeeded in producing bottled ale of very excellent quality,—quite equal, in our opinion, to the best samples of imported ale. We have no doubt the article will soon command an extensive sale throughout the district.

We hear that arrangements are in progress for the formation of a Cromwell Brass Band. Queenstown has for a considerable time been favoured by the existence of such a body in its midst; and Clyde has recently made a very creditable beginning in this direction. We have long possessed what may be termed the nucleus of a Band, as those who have attended our Poetical Entertainments, and affairs of a like kind, will be aware; and a few more members, with the advantage of Mr Whetter's regular tuition, would soon attain proficiency. The cost of the necessary instruments might be easily raised by means of a special entertainment for that object.

Mr Thomas Scott has been appointed working manager for the John Bull Company, Carrick Range.

Owners of race-horses are reminded that nominations for the Cromwell Grand Stand Handicap, the Handicap Hurdle Race, and Flying Handicap, must be lodged with the Secretary to the Jockey Club at or before eight p.m. to-morrow (Wednesday). The weights for the above-mentioned handicaps will be published in our next issue.

In our seventh page, will be found a report of the business transacted at the Mining Conference in Lawrence. Of course, we have been necessitated very much to condense the report as printed in the *Tuapeka Times*. Perhaps it is hardly necessary to say it, but it must be understood that the motions passed and matters agreed to by the Conference are merely intended as suggestions to the Government,—not by any means as positive enactments or alterations of the present Gold Mining laws.

Owing to the smallness of the attendance at Kidd's Hall last Wednesday evening, Mr Barry did not give his promised lecture on Tin and Copper Mining. A collection of mineral specimens—including "block," "stream," and "ruby" tin, copper ore, oxide of copper, cinabar, &c.—was arranged upon a table for inspection, and the various samples were examined with evident interest by those present. Some fine specimens of native copper from Mount Pisa attracted much attention.—We understand that Mr Barry has been asked to deliver his lecture at Bannockburn on Christmas Eve.

We are informed that Mr Robert Kidd has obtained the Nevis and Cardrona mail contracts for 1873. After the close of the current year, the Nevis mail will be weekly instead of fortnightly. This latter service includes the conveyance of mails to and from Bannockburn, Quartzville, and Carrickton. Mr Thomas Hazlett has been gazetted postmaster for Quartzville, and Mr Alfred Short for Carrickton: both appointments date from the 16th September last.

For some nights past the water which ought to run in the town-race has been allowed to overflow into the channel on the north side of the main street—from what cause we know not. The result of the diversion is that during the night-time, when the atmosphere is usually still and cool, and the water comparatively free from filth, the supply is cut off, to the great annoyance and serious inconvenience of many householders. Water is only obtainable from the race during three or four hours a day,—sometimes less; and even then it is simply an unwholesome solution of heterogeneous impurities. Our present Municipal rulers entered upon their duties with a grand flourish of trumpets, and made many fair promises to their constituents; but of late they seem to have relapsed into a state of somnolence and stagnation.

The sale of privileges connected with the approaching Race Meeting attracted a crowd of people to the Town-hall on Thursday afternoon. Mr J. C. Chapple officiated as auctioneer, and performed his duty most ably and satisfactorily. The right to hold the grand stand and refreshment booth was secured by Mr John Marsh, of the Bridge Hotel, for £104. The horse-paddock realised £6 10s., the purchaser being Mr W. Barnes, jun. For the right to issue cards of the races, Mr C. W. Wright paid £4 1s.

In view of the reduction of gold duty, which is to take effect on and after the 1st January, we imagine the Banks will now be prepared to pay an increased price for gold. Miners who may have occasion to sell before the New Year, should remember, that the gold which went down by the escort last week is the last upon which the 2s. 6d. duty will require to be paid; and that they are therefore now entitled to the extra price per ounce. All gold bought by the Banks from the time of the dispatch of last escort will be liable to the export duty of two shillings only.

The annual Races of the Dunstan Jockey Club are to be held on Thursday and Friday, February 6 and 7, 1873. The programme is quite up to the usual mark. £430 is the total amount of stakes, and that sum is to be apportioned as follows, in five events on each day:—Maiden Plate, one mile and a half, £30; Handicap Hurdle Race, two miles, £60; Dunstan Jockey Club Handicap, two miles, £100; Hack Selling Race, one mile, £15; Members' Handicap, one mile, £40; Grand Stand Handicap, one mile and a half, £60; Scurry Stakes, one mile, £25; Town Plate, two and a half, £70; Hack Race, £10; Consolation Handicap, £20.—The Club, we notice by the *Dunstan Times*, has disqualified Peeress from ever running on the Dunstan course, and William M'Kay, the jockey of Medora, from riding in any race. They have also determined to make some additions in connection with the Grand Stand,—such as a refreshment room, stewards' room, &c.—By the same paper, we observe that the Drybread Annual Meeting is to be held on the 2nd and 3rd January. Stakes to the amount of close upon £200 are offered.

Last week, in recording the amount of gold from the last crushing of Elizabeth stone, we omitted to mention the number of tons crushed. The yield was 82 ozs. from 160 tons,—the average per ton being close upon 10 dwts. With the great facilities now existing for working the mine economically, it is understood this average will pay very well.

On their downward trip, the Combination Comedy Company (to somewhat shorten their title) played twice, to average audiences. On Friday night, "The Liar" was the comedy presented. As "the liar" himself (young Mr Wilding) Mr J. P. Hydes was irresistible; and his wonderful flights of fancy, and happy inventions to disentangle himself from one scrape only to involve himself in another more serious, were greatly enjoyed by the audience. Miss Anstead and Mr South played their respective parts with true histrionic ability; and the others did what they had to do passably well. "Who Speaks First?" proved to be indeed a laughable farce, and sent the audience home delighted. On Saturday evening, the first piece, the "Follies of a Night," did not go off so well as usual. Mr Thorpe, as the Duke de Chartres, was very ill-cast, a fact he seemed to be painfully aware of, and consequently made all the more evident. "Bobtail and Wagtail," however, was excellently performed. As before, on each evening, Mr South favoured the audience with some very good singing, and Master Hydes contributed the music. On the whole, the troupe in no wise lessened the favourable impression they created on their former appearance.

Amongst the new applicants for auctioneers' licenses for the ensuing year, are Mr Joseph Harding, of Cromwell, and Mr Thomas Stanbrook, of Clyde.

Under the authority of a resolution passed by the House of Representatives on the 22nd October last, the Colonial Government offer the unmentioned bonuses for the encouragement of colonial industries:—£5000 for the production in New Zealand of 100 tons weight of pig iron, of marketable quality; £1000 for the production of 100 tons weight of marketable steel from magnetic or titaniferous iron sand or iron ore; £2000 for the production of 250 tons of sugar manufactured from beetroot; £2000 for the production of 100 tons of printing paper, manufactured by machinery; and a bonus of 4s. per cwt. on cured fish, dry or pickled, exported from the Colony for consumption abroad.

The Tuapeka Races are to be held on Thursday and Friday, February 20 and 21, 1873,—just a fortnight after those at the Dunstan. £420 is to be divided in prizes, the two highest of which are the Lawrence Handicap, on the first day, of £80, and, on the second, the Tuapeka Jockey Club Handicap of £100.

A rush has set in to the Rock and Pillar range, at a point about four miles from Hyde. A private letter from a business man at Macraes, in whom reliance can be placed, dated the 2nd inst., has been handed to the *Morning Star* for publication. The writer says:—"There is great excitement here just now—a regular gold fever—a rush having set in to a place three or four miles from Hyde. The ground is close to the Hyde Station; there is plenty of ground, which takes the form of gullies, all of which fall into the Taieri River. In three of the gullies payable gold has been struck. From £2 to £3 a day is being made. There are about 100 on the ground, and I expect that by the end of the week there will be 500 men here. All the miners have left Macraes, with the exception of one man in each claim, who is left to hold the ground. The miners have also cleared out from Fularton's, Hyde, and Hamilton's. The station hands too have all left their places."

In reply to B. C.'s question, as to the shortest time in which Hewitt ran half-a-mile, we regret that we have been unable to obtain the desired information.

In a list of inventions recently patented in Victoria, we observe the name of Mr Robert Andrew Loughnan, manager of the Otago Meat-preserving Company, Dunedin, as the patentee of certain "Improvements in the ordinary system of preserving meat, known as the chloride of calcium process."

The annual Race meeting of the Mount Ida Jockey Club takes place next Thursday and Friday. This Club also has sustained the action of the C.J.C. in disqualifying Peeress and W. M'Kay, the jockey of Medora.

The Dunedin *Evening Star* says:—"The impression appears to have got abroad that Mr Gillies's Bill for the abolition of imprisonment for debt became law. It is not the fact. The Bill passed the Lower House, but was included among the measures that did not reach the Council."

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

### DUNEDIN,

TUESDAY, 9 a.m.

The immigrants by the ships Palmerston and Christian M'Ausland are still in quarantine.

A fresh case of scarlatina was discovered yesterday.

Mr D. L. Simpson has commenced his duties as Provincial Engineer.

Mr Grove, formerly of Tuapeka, was entertained at a public banquet at the Thames previous to his departure for Australia.

A Maori named Maaka was tried yesterday at Napier for the murder of a scout in 1868. He was found guilty, and sentenced to death.

English telegrams state that the Hon. F. Dillon Bell has been knighted.

### "OLLA PODRIDA."

I notice that the Government offer to send Mr C. E. Haughton to the coming Mining Conference, if thought requisite. It may be assumed from this fact, that in connection with his recent appointment, he is likely to have the chief direction of the mining affairs of the Colony, and the question of the appointment of a Minister of Mines is thus practically shelved. It is to be hoped that when the Conference meets, the matter will be brought on the board, and the establishment of a Department of Mines urged upon the Government. Mining is the only interest in the Colony, of anything like the same importance, without a responsible head, and never until placed on an equal footing with other interests in this matter, will it obtain the consideration its growing importance demands. On looking over the report of the Gold-fields Commission of New South Wales, I find they complain of a similar want, and strongly recommend the establishment of a separate and distinct Department of Mines, under a responsible Minister, with officers possessing practical qualifications; and this brings me back to Mr Haughton, of whom, with due deference, grave doubts may be entertained as to his ability to deal with the subject of mining legislation. If a short period occupied in vending pills and potions to confiding diggers on one gold-field is calculated to have imbued him with the practical and technical knowledge of mining affairs necessary for such work, then I say he is eminently qualified. If the various delegates appointed are all up to the mark, they will seize the opportunity at the conference to put the great C. E. H. on his trial, in the view of his possible appointment to the department spoken of, which sooner or later must be created; and, quoting from the New South Wales Commissioners' report, "firmly venture to deprecate, in the interests of the Colony generally and the mining community especially, the application in the appointments of that ruling principle of official patronage, which regards rather the amount of parliamentary support such and such an appointment will secure, than the merits of candidates or their qualifications for the office." The "Vogelites" are proverbially prone to this sort of thing. Knowing this, our delegates will need firmness and determination in an eminent degree to escape being hoodwinked by their astute envoy, who up to date, is the be-all and the end-all of mining representation in New Zealand. I look upon his presence at the Conference as a mere "sop to Cerberus" from a time-serving Government, and if our delegates will take the same view, I fancy they will be saved a deal of unnecessary humbug. They can afford to act independently, as anything emanating from them calculated to foster and increase the mining industry, will be backed up by the entire community of the Colony, who are all more or less affected by its fluctuations.

On looking over the list of places in the district at which our delegate purposes consulting his constituents, I find he has left poor Bendigo out in the cold. I did not dream that our insignificance was so marked as this omission shows, but I may inform that gentleman that the Bannockburn does not comprise the entire Cromwell district, and that if, as it probably will, the question of Water Supply be mooted, we must come in for some share of the attention of the august assembly of which he is to be a member, as no water scheme, however plausible, can be perfect or permanent, unless the main supply is drawn from this neighbourhood. If the dry, hot summer predicted eventuates, I fancy our legislators will be brought in contact with the "inexorable logic of facts," and

the necessity for a permanent and plentiful supply of water to gold-fields will be forced on their attention more convincingly than even last year. People may look upon me as one of Job's comforters, but I write in the hope that in the end "out of much evil, good may come"; but this will only happen when our rulers alter the motto they seem to have adopted with regard to the mining interest, viz: *Festina lente*.

I am glad to see that the Cromwell people have not been at all bashful in the matter of the demand for commonage. Should they succeed in obtaining the slice of Ardgour station applied for, an immense boon will be conferred on the entire district. Evidently "Big Jock" is to be treated on the scriptural principle of "to whom much is given, of him much shall be required"; but I fancy I hear him muttering, "Don't you wish you may get it." However, it is worth the trial; in such cases it is,—as the "old hand" remarked when about to appropriate some mutton,— "as well to be in for a sheep as a lamb." The entire area applied for is auriferous, and for this reason alone ought to have been long ago alienated from the squatter.

I read that Mr Colclough spoke rather feelingly at the election of a delegate the other day, and hoped the elect of the "Bannock-bites" would prove of more service than the last representative from among that community. And this leads me to inquire if any one knows where our Provincial representative is at the present time, and what he purposes doing on our behalf at the coming session. I saw in a paper a short time ago, that a gold-fields member had accepted the highly useful position of cook at an hotel; but this cannot be Mr Hickey, surely. A friend of mine, given to poetry and that sort of thing, discovered the other day that our member's name rhymed to "stickey": strange coincidence, isn't it!

Bendigo, Dec. 3, 1872.

VIATOR.

### The New Gold-Fields Secretary.

In our telegraphic news last week, our readers will remember, it was announced that Mr Horace Bastings, M.P.C. for Tuapeka, had joined the Tolmie-Turnbull Executive, with a portfolio as above. The following is from the *Bruce Herald*; and although it may be, as the *Star* asserts, slightly splenetic, is still not without some truth,—strongly enough and it may be vulgarly expressed. Certainly, Mr Bastings has ever professed views upon many questions politic directly the opposite of those which may be believed to predominate in an Executive constituted as is the present. Striving to carry out those professed views, to practise his precepts,—and we believe he is quite as able, if he please, successfully so to strive as most men,—Mr Bastings would make an excellent Gold-fields Secretary; indeed, we doubt if a better could be discovered in the Council. However, we shall see what we shall see. It is with little favour that we look upon his acceptance of office in the present Government. Says the *Herald*:—

"Can it be true that the Millennium is at hand? One of the figurative characteristics of that period is that 'the lion shall lie down with the lamb, and a little child shall lead them.' This prophecy has just had a very remarkable fulfilment. It will be remembered that at last superintendental election the meek, the innocent, the lamb-like charmer of popular favour, Mr Macandrew, according to his own statement, fell into a lion's den at Lawrence, and had a narrow escape from annihilation. One of his most furious and dangerous enemies was Mr H. Bastings, who not only roared against him in his own den, but followed him up to other places, where he proclaimed his (Mr Macandrew's) political dishonesty, said he had been guilty of almost every enormity, and ought to be debarred for ever from holding any place of trust in a civilised community. Mr Macandrew, however, was successful; and now we find the mighty lion referred to has crouched and fawned to the lamb and lain down with him in the green pastures of a squatters' Executive. Mr H. Bastings, the lion of Lawrence, the terror of squatterdom, the advocate of land for the people, and people, instead of sheep, for the land, has taken office in Macandrew's Executive, with Mr W. A. Tolmie as leader, and Messrs M'Dermid, M'Arthur, and Turnbull as colleagues. 'A child shall lead them.' Mr Tolmie is a leading runholder, but is only a newly-fledged politician, and a child in knowledge of the routine of Executive business. It is sometimes said of public men that self-aggrandisement is the aim of all their actions, and certainly with some their conduct would seem to justify the assertion. Mr Bastings stood true to his leader and his party till the formation of the Executive which succeeded the Cargill Government. Then he made no secret of his disappointment and chagrin when he found Mr Bradshaw had been selected as member for the Gold-fields, and he left out in the cold; and he shortly took an opportunity of making a bitter and personal attack upon Mr Reid upon the question of the sale of the block of land to Mr Clarke. From that date Mr Bastings was looked upon by the Opposition as one who was at their call so soon as they could secure an innings. The dismissal of the Reid Executive opened the door for this, and immediately the 'bunch of carrots' was held up to his gaze. No doubt it would have been grasped before now had not Mr Bastings been under some powerful dissuading influence, but it appears the temptation has proved too powerful: the lion was subdued; he now lies down with the lamb; has adopted his language; and the little child leads them."



## WARDEN'S COURT.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Judge and Warden.)

## APPLICATIONS.

*Extended Claims* were granted to Yung Lung and five others, and Ah You and five others, Nevis Valley.

*Tall Race*.—Ah You and party, Nevis Valley: granted.

*Head Races*.—Ah You and party, three heads from Nevis River: granted.—Martin Birch, half head from a small gully at Carrick Range: adjourned for a week, to allow of the All Nations Company being served with a notice.

## RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5.

(Before W. L. Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

INSPECTOR OF NUISANCES v. I. LOUGHAN AND OTHERS.

The hearing of this case—in which the defendants were charged with committing a breach of No. 3 of the Municipal Bye-laws—had on the previous Court-day been adjourned to enable the informants to prove the validity of the Bye-laws.

Sergeant Cassels now produced a printed copy of the Bye-laws impressed with the Corporation seal.

The Resident Magistrate directed attention to section 40 of the Municipal Corporations Empowering Act, which provides that, before the Bye-laws can be taken as *prima facie* evidence in any suit, the Municipal Council must first comply with the instructions laid down by appending to the Bye-laws a certificate under the hands of the Mayor and Town Clerk stating that all the requirements of the above-mentioned Act in regard to the passing of such Bye-laws has been fulfilled.

As it appeared that the Mayor had given instructions to prosecute the defendants, his Worship asked the Town Clerk (who happened to be in Court) to suggest to the Mayor that the information should be withdrawn. At a later stage of the sitting, it was stated that the prosecution was abandoned.

## THE IMPOUNDING CASE: SCOTT v. LOUGHAN.

The adjourned hearing came on before the Justices who were present at the first hearing—viz., the Resident Magistrate, the Mayor, and Dr Corse.

Defendant's solicitor, Mr F. J. Wilson, produced two leases as evidence of the boundaries of Mount Pisa Station.

Mr Allanby briefly addressed the Court on behalf of the plaintiff.

After a short consultation, (during which the Court was closed), the Resident Magistrate gave judgment. The Bench were of opinion that the horses were properly impounded on the run, and were properly impounded under the general authority of clause 33 of the Impounding Ordinance 1872. Thus every question raised was disposed of, except that of whether the horses were inhumanely treated by defendant. The Bench had come to the conclusion there was no proof of inhumane treatment, nor of any consequent deterioration in the condition or value of the animals. On all points, therefore, the Bench dismissed the case, but without costs.

## MITCHINSON v. O'BRIEN.

Claim, £22 9s. 4d. for goods supplied. Defendant did not appear, and judgment was given by default for the sum claimed: failing payment, distress; failing distress, two months' imprisonment in Dunedin Gaol.

## THE MOKE CREEK BALL.

(From a Correspondent.)

The success of the Moke Creek Ball, held at mine host Lawton's on Friday last, is deserving of special notice, the more so, as all balls held in Queenstown are more or less so-so. I am glad to say that such was not the case at Moke. The affair was in the hands of a committee of miners, and it is to them that all praise is due. Everything was got up in splendid style, the music was excellent, and the supper table was supplied with all the delicacies of the season. Only one accident happened to mar the pleasure of the evening. Mr Blank, of Queenstown, having been specially invited, proceeded to Moke Creek, dressed in his "Sunday-go-to-meeting suit." Mr Blank being highly popular at Moke, indulged rather too freely (at the expense of his friends) in copious libations of mine host's Glenlivet. For some time all went "as merry as a marriage bell," when to the consternation of all present, it was announced that Mr Blank was missing. Dancing for some time was put on end to, and all hands turned to, to search for our missing friend. After a prolonged search, to the intense relief of all, Mr Blank was found by a lady, sleeping as calmly and peacefully as a new born babe, on the tussocks. Mr Blank having been safely deposited in one mine host's far-famed four-posters, dancing was renewed and kept up till the small hours. In conclusion, I will say that all hands at Moke will always have pleasing reminiscences of the ball.—Mr Blank not excepted.

[Under the circumstances, we cannot publish a more definite description of the individual referred to, however much it might gratify our correspondents.—Ed. C. A.]

## Amusing Horse-Race.

From the *Daily Times*' report of the races on St. Andrew's Day, we take the following. Both the horses are well-known in this district:—

The most amusing part of the day's proceedings was "The Dido Race." Shortly before the Selling Hack Race took place, two fine, stalwart, frank-looking fellows, belonging to H.M.S. Dido, requested the Stewards to lend them horses for the purpose of testing their skill as horsemen, one against the other. For some time the request was looked upon as a good joke, but on being pressed the Stewards and other gentlemen present agreed, not only to furnish horses, but also to subscribe various amounts, the total sum collected to be competed for by the intrepid tars, who are named respectively Robert Potter and Alexander Fynlason. On being taken to the weighing room, Potter weighed 11st. 2lbs., and Fynlason 11st. 11lb. Directly afterwards, Potter mounted Ka Ka, and Fynlason sprang, not too lightly, on to the back of the then rather restless Saladin. On leaving the saddling paddock, they were followed by the laughter, and loudly expressed good wishes, of a delighted crowd; and when also they appeared in front of the judge's box, they were greeted with enthusiastic cheering of a still more numerous and excited assemblage. Everybody expected that the Dido's representatives were about to furnish means of considerable fun, because nobody thought they could maintain their equilibrium on the backs of steeds so fleet of foot. In this respect, however, onlookers were greatly disappointed, and pleasantly so; for on the signal being given, both the horses dashed off with their riders sitting firmly on their backs as if they had been seated in the cross-trees of the Dido; despite also the fact that Saladin, who ran rather too close to the fence, momentarily evinced a disposition to make Fynlason measure his length on the turf. This slight display of equine playfulness placed Fynlason at a great disadvantage, but on recovering his stride, Saladin again bounded along like an india-rubber ball, and gained considerably on Potter, who was riding in true jockey style. On rounding the last bend to come into the straight it was found that Saladin had materially lessened the gap between himself and Ka Ka. On and on they came; and louder and louder became the cheers of the spectators as the competitors approached the stand, Ka Ka, as he flew past the post, being declared the winner by several lengths. On dismounting, the rider of each horse, as may readily be imagined, was warmly congratulated. Having received the money contributed, and after Fynlason had expressed his willingness to ride without further preparation the most frisky or fractious quadruped on the course, both horsemen left the saddling-paddock amidst more cheering, and apparently very proud of the manner in which they had distinguished themselves.

## Racing Up-Country.

Under this heading a well-written article lately appeared in the *Press Herald*, from which we make the following extract:—

"The hotel where I boarded was their very head-quarters. The landlord, as jolly a fellow as ever lived, was their 'head centre'; he had, or has, a fine taste for fun and general devilment, and so far as *Bill's Life* and the sporting articles of the *Australasian* went, a taste for literature; in fact, I believe it to be his honest opinion that the sporting editor of the *Australasian* is the greatest character of ancient or modern times; a sporting butcher, a sporting baker, a sporting blacksmith, with two sporting agriculturists, were the lesser lights that revolved round the central sun of mine host. They were each and all pre-eminently conspicuous members of the racing world—owners of race horses, and possessed of vast knowledge in racing matters. They could out-drink, out-swear, out-bounce, and to the extent of twenty shillings, out-bet all my previous acquaintances; and for general filthy conversation, could far and away lick the heads off anything anywhere. Each one of the secondary suns had an assortment of private planets, from the age of six to sixteen—apprentices to the noble art of horse racing. Little grooms and jockeys in different stages of 'horse' and blasphemy. Feather-weights who could discourse horses and women in a way to make the bones of their ancestors rattle; perennial little fountains of awful profanity, where the freshness and vigour of flow, compared to the size of the orifice, was tremendous. They talked of Derby winners, strains of blood, Melbourne, Dunedin, Christchurch Cons, Consolations, and handicaps. Smooth little chubby faces smoking pipes, and talking the talk of heavy iniquity, was not refreshing at first, but I got used to it. The sporting baker owned a trotting horse, the blacksmith a hurdle racer, the sporting butcher, the two agriculturists, and my friend of the Jehu hotel made up an assorted lot of eight or nine, and their 'spinning,' 'staying,' and weight-carrying powers were discussed with a quantity of fancy blasphemy that must have smelt to any wandering Satanic angel like a whiff from his own plains."

A boy about fifteen years old was put in the Trumbs at New York, recently, for drunkenness. He protested to the keeper he had been born drunk. His speech and staggering on examination that this is his normal condition. His father was a confirmed inebriate, and since he was three years old the boy has manifested these symptoms.

## New Mode of Drilling Upwards.

Many miners will be surprised to learn that a new manner of striking drills upwards had made all the difference between a payable and a nonpayable claim. A description of the process appears in a recent number of the *Engineering and Mining Journal*, and is as follows:—

The drill face has two cutting edges in the shape of an X, but the real peculiarity is the hammer and the method of using it. This hammer has a handle about nine inches long, curved at the end, like the handle of a cane, and it is grasped at the curve, so that the hammer, in position for striking, hangs downwards, while the arm is in its natural position. The whole arm is then swung backward, and the hammer is brought forward, striking an upward blow.

This is one of those few cases in which improvement follows the line of scientific teaching. The great arc through which the hammer-head swings, an arc having a radius of 2 feet 6 inches, gives to the hammer-head a much greater velocity than it has when the blow is given from the shoulder, provided the blow is given in the same time. This is ensured by making the head very light and with a small face, hardly more than sufficient to cover a  $\frac{1}{2}$  or  $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch drill. Inasmuch as the force of a blow increases as the square of the velocity, but only directly as the mass, the superior value of the blow by this method of manipulation is as the square of the difference between the velocity of the hammer-head by the two methods of striking.

The introduction of this system has been attended with the happiest results. The mine at Klausen had been condemned by the Austrian Government, but the mining superintendent of Kitzbühel being sent for, the new method of striking was introduced, and gave such good results that the intended sale of the mine was given up. These results are, a much greater production of ore per man, a smaller use of powder and steel in consequence of the lighter drills. The rock at Klausen is a hard trap.

## Something like Rejoicing.

A correspondent of the *Times* calls the attention of a humane and civilised people to a most excellent bit of fun which was enacted the other day by some jovial naval officers at Portland. He says that when the Prince of Wales went there to open the new break-water the weather was so boisterous, that the programme of the Royal proceedings had to be changed; but although the wind effected this change, the yards of fifteen ironclads and one training ship were manned three times over. What followed was very laughable. He says, "The third time the poor fellows were kept in this perilous position for more than half an hour. Then, cold and trembling, they all came down but two—a sad exception; these two had fallen from the yards on to the decks of their ships dead." This was extremely amusing—and all done in honor of the prince! What jolly fellows these naval officers are to be sure, they almost recall to one's mind that facetious King of Abyssinia—that cheerful old Theodore, whom we sent an army out after, you know, and who used, when he felt especially jolly, to have a drove of niggers brought before him so that he might slice at them right and left with his sabre, and send their woolly heads rolling about like skittles. Then there was that merry old King of Bonny, who had the beggars killed in hundreds, whenever he had a public rejoicing—and capital sport it must have been to be sure; but then you see Theodore and the King of Bonny were somewhat coarse in their fun, they wanted the refinement of the English navy. Chopping is all very well in its way, but there is a certain vulgarity in it; and again, to kill the skunks that way requires exertion on somebody's part, but nothing can be more refined and easy than ordering the amusing cusses up to the yards in the biting wind, and seeing them drop with the cold one by one like so many rocks potted off with a shot-gun. Yes, England is the place for refinement and civilisation, and for real hearty rejoicing. What fun it must have been to see those two strong-hearted fellows who would have died like lions in the enemy's face, nipped to death with an icy wind, and falling with a dull thud on the deck lifeless lumps of vulgar clay. How their commanding officer must have laughed, how it must have tickled the sides of the wives and children, or sweethearts and mothers of the brave fellows, to think that they had died in honor of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales. The Hornet was never more amused in his life, he is in convulsions, he positively screams with delight, and nothing but the thought that the poor wretch's mother or somebody might miss him prevents him decapitating his office-boy, or pitching him out of window into Fleet-street in joyous honor of The Hornet's new volume. Next to seeing that glorious naval exhibition itself, The Hornet would give all his back numbers to see the officers who gave the orders for it, humorously manning the yards themselves on the very next day the wind blows icy and deathly. How they would scream to be sure. Here, bring me a cup of blood! Ha, ha!—*London Hornet*.

Mr Heckler and party, who are prospecting for copper in the Waikouaiti district, showed the Waste Land Board yesterday a number of specimens containing copper which they had found since they were last before the Board, and stated that they were now about to drive a tunnel in order to strike the lode.—*Daily Times*.

## PROVINCIAL AND COLONIAL.

1,133 immigrants are to arrive in Dunedin this month.

A horse was stung to death by bees at Auckland the other day.

A "Canary and Poultry Association" is being formed in Dunedin.

Starlings are reported to be very numerous in some parts of the Taieri district.

At New Plymouth, a few days ago, a lad received a sunstroke while bathing.

The *Oamaru Times* will be known in future as the *North Otago Times*, and now appears in an enlarged form.

A hop-growing experiment in this Province is described by a Dunedin paper as likely to prove highly successful.

A "religious awakening" is reported to have taken place among the Maoris in the Province of Wellington.

Captain Bain, master of the City of Newcastle at the time of her wreck, is to be proceeded against criminally.

Steps are being taken to work the copper lodes discovered near the Puru stream, in the Thames district, some years ago.

A boy three years of age, the son of Mr John Mellor, storekeeper, was found drowned in a race at Drybread, on Friday, Nov. 29.

The *Marlborough Express* says that "Marlborough is like the Highlandman's wife—though she's no vera big, she's a deil o' a spernit."

A miner named Turner died at Naseby the other day, from injuries received by a fall from his horse. His funeral was attended by 400 people.

A motion has been brought forward in the Canterbury Provincial Council to the effect that £20,000 be voted towards the introduction of families and single women.

Mrs C. C. Howard, nee Mrs Alpenny, (by which name she will be best remembered,) has been presented in Dunedin with a pair of fifty sovereigns, previous to her departure for England on a philanthropic mission.

The Appeal Court at Wellington has delivered judgment in the case of Macandrew v. McLean, in favour of the appellant, thus supporting the Provincial Government action in declaring Bellamy station open for selection.

The cost of the machinery connected with Anderson's Company's claim, Inangahua, including the timber for the tramway and padlock, has amounted to £4656; and the total expenditure, in machinery and working expenses, has amounted to upwards of £12,000.

A memorial to the Governor, praying for a commutation of the sentence to death of the woman Witting, has already received one thousand signatures in the neighbourhood of Invercargill. The general impression in Southland is said to be that she was gaoled into crime.

Mr Bragden's Chinese venture has proved a failure. The Celestials employed on the Chubbard railway have conclusively proved themselves not to be worth half the wages of Caucasian navvies, and consequently received a pressing invitation to leave the works, which they felt obliged to accept.

One item in connection with the Waste Land Board meeting yesterday is deserving of passing notice, as it indicates progress. The Province will shortly possess a second wooden manufactory, the locality of its operations being One-mile Creek, near Queenstown. We understand that it will be worked by joint stock company, that all the shares are already subscribed, and that operations will be commenced shortly.—*Morning Star*.

Mr Reader Wood addressed his constituents at Parnell, Auckland, recently, receiving a unanimous vote of confidence. In reply to a question as to what the present Government proposed doing, he said he was not in their confidence. The latest intelligence was that Mr Richardson was enjoying himself at the Canterbury Races, that Mr Reynolds was going to misrepresent the Colony at Sydney, and as to Mr Bathgate it was of small consequence where he was. Mr O'Rourke was attending to his duties as Speaker of the Auckland Provincial Council, Mr McLean was making things pleasant on the East Coast, and Mr Vogel was ill with the gout.

Gubernatorial movements and doings are attracting attention just now. Viscount Canterbury is expected to leave Victoria in the end of February. Sir George Bowen, his successor, has applied for leave to visit England after leaving New Zealand; and as he has been absent from home for upwards of twelve years, it is likely his request will be granted. Sir James Fergusson is to marry Miss Mary Davies, niece of the Hon. W. Deane, of the South Australian Legislative Council. The lady is young and highly accomplished. The marriage will probably take place before Sir James goes home, which will be this month. He has obtained leave to the 1st of May next.

## THE GOLD ESCORT.

We give below the full returns of gold transmitted to Dunedin by the last Escort:—

	oz. dwts.
Naseby	1732 16
Queenstown	1619 3
Cremwell	1486 12
Arrowtown	1188 3
Blacks	900 18
Alexandra	781 8
Switzers	775 0
Woodshed	518 13
Waitaima	528 18
Clyde	500 0
Teviot	426 1
St. Bathans	250 0
Maerua	235 2
Waipori	230 1
Total	11,202 15

## MINING CONFERENCE.

(Condensed from the *Tuapeka Times*.)

The delegates from the various Miners' Associations in the Province met in the Commercial Hotel, Lawrence, on Monday, Dec. 2, at 3 p.m. The following were present:—Mr J. A. Miller, of Arrowtown; Mr Ralph Shaw, Switzers; Mr David Anderson, Roxburgh; Mr Thomas Allan, Cardrona; Mr James Alexander (Dunstan, Clyde, Alexandra, Blacks, Drybread); Mr Joseph Ferris, Waitahuna; Mr Wm. Gray, Table Hill; Mr James Crombie, Cromwell; Mr W. D. Morrison, Tuapeka. Mr Caudwell, of Waipori, took his seat on Tuesday.

Mr Miller, of Arrowtown, was unanimously elected Chairman, returning thanks in a long and eloquent address.

One of the first matters discussed was as to whether the public should be admitted; and it was agreed that each delegate should be allowed to introduce two friends.

On the motion of Mr Alexander, it was agreed to send a telegram to the Colonial Secretary, asking if any suggestions made by the Conference would be entertained by the Government with regard to a new Gold-fields Bill, and any industry (!) affecting the gold-fields of Otago.

Mr Crombie proposed that the Gold-fields Act of 1866 and Amendment Acts be the first subjects of discussion. He thought it would be advisable to read the Acts over clause by clause, and strike out and add whatever the Conference thought proper.

This was agreed to, and the Conference proceeded to the consideration of the Acts as proposed.

## TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3.

Mr Ferris moved that miners' rights issued be available for the whole colony, without regard to the provinces in which they were issued.

Mr Morrison seconded the motion, and it was carried unanimously.

It was further agreed that miners' rights should be granted for any period from one year to five.

A motion to the effect that business licenses should be reduced to £2 10s. per annum, was carried.

There then ensued a discussion as to the miner's right forming an element of title; but consideration of the matter was postponed.

Upon a motion by Mr Alexander, it was decided "that permanent licenses for water be issued."

The "two heads running in the natural channel" question then came on, and after some discussion, during which the Chairman remarked that in New South Wales, and also in the Ovens, Victoria, it was compulsory that one head should run in the natural channel.—Mr Ferris moved, that in granting agricultural leases, or selling land, the Government should reserve all streams. This was carried.

In connection with the same subject, the Conference decided that sub-section 10 of Clause xxx. of the Gold-fields Rules and Regulations be struck out, and the following substituted:—"That no license granted for the diversion of water from any water course shall be deemed to confer a title to the last two heads, in case the same is required for domestic purposes; but, if once granted, it shall not be withdrawn for mining or manufacturing purposes."

The Chairman read the following telegram from Mr Waterhouse, Premier:—"The Government will be glad to receive and entertain any suggestions for new Gold-fields Bill. The Government have already issued instructions for new bill, which, it is anticipated will be prepared by Messrs Haggitt, Mouat and Shepherd."

## WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4.

It was resolved to call in legal assistance, if required.

Mr Alexander moved, that this Conference be of opinion that mining leases be abolished, and that in their stead there be substituted extended claims in proportion to the capital invested, and the number of men employed.

Mr Crombie seconded the motion, which was carried.

Mr Alexander moved, that when any land is sold, the Government should reserve to themselves the power to grant permission to cut races through such land, the compensation to be fixed by arbitration.—Carried.

Mr Morrison moved, that a clause be inserted in the new Gold-fields Act and in the Waste Lands Act, to provide for the discharge of tailings. Seconded by Mr Crombie, and carried.

Mr Shaw mentioned that there were auriferous spurs on Switzers likely to contain quartz reefs, upon which the Warden, despite the protests of the miners, granted agricultural leases.

Mr Crombie thought that a feature survey of the country should be made, such survey to indicate the direction of reefs, and also of streams. Such a survey would prove very useful to the Wardens.

Mr Ferris moved, that, in the opinion of this Conference, a reserve of twenty miles from the centre of each gold-field should be made, such reserve to be exempt from occupation by agriculturists.

This was eventually altered to the following effect, in which form it was passed:—"That on the requisition of a majority of the residents of any district, ground hitherto open for agricultural leasing, be held as a mining reserve; also, that any agricultural leasehold that may be found to be auriferous be sold."

The Conference then adjourned.

## Plummer Again.

The notorious Plummer has been "playing up" in gaol. A few days ago he refused to work, one excuse he made being that he could not work in irons; whereas there is considered to be no reason why, as he is in good health, he should not be able to work in irons as well as the numerous prisoners who have to do so in almost every gaol. His real object, so far as can be judged, appears to be to try and get the irons taken off, so as to give him a better chance to make another escape, as he was lately planning to get away, but his plot was detected. Another excuse of his was that he had had a quarrel with some of the men of the gang with which he was sent out. In the Auckland Gaol he was the cause of endless troubles, and the books of that establishment have pages full of his convictions for breaches of discipline there. It has been found from experience had of him in Auckland and Dunedin he shirks work with a view to getting solitary confinement, for which he has a preference. When brought before the Visiting Justices for refusing to work he consented to go to work. He was then informed that if he committed another breach of the Gaol regulations, the Governor should cause twenty-five lashes—being half of the extreme punishment—to be administered to him at once. Gallagher, whose sentence of 50 lashes has been withheld, and will not be carried out if he conducts himself properly, is now submissive in every respect. There are now many scoundrels in the Gaol who give a great deal of trouble, and it is the intention of the Justices to teach them a wholesome lesson, and to show them that they must not set the Gaol officials at defiance.—*Daily Times*.

In a later issue of the same paper, we notice that the promised flogging has been administered. The following account is given of the operation:—The flogging of Plummer, for disobedience of orders and other acts of insubordination, took place in the stockade yard of the Gaol yesterday forenoon, at half-past 10 o'clock, in the presence of Dr Hulme, Provincial Surgeon, Mr Caldwell, Governor of the Gaol, and several of the Gaol officials. The "cat" used is of the same description as that adopted in Great Britain and Ireland, and issued for the purpose of flogging convicts by the Home Office. No delicacy has been regarded in its manufacture. A long handle, to which are attached nine still longer stout whips, knotted at various points—such is the instrument, and its appearance indicates at once that it will do its work thoroughly, and leave a good account behind. If it were possible to have such a cat-o'-nine-tails constantly dangling before the eyes of men inclined to brutal and disgusting crimes, it would scarcely fail to have a most wholesome effect. This weapon was put into the hands of a tall, stout boatswain's mate formerly attached to H.M. screw frigate Black Prince—a stronger, and evidently a more experienced hand than the operator on Gallagher. Plummer was tightly strapped by the arms and legs to a triangle erected in the yard, and appeared pale from nervous excitement. The expression of his face was somewhat anxious. Precisely at 10.30, the operator took his stand by the triangle with the cat in his hand, and at such a distance that the tails of the cat with their terrible knots would just fall on the back of the culprit. One minute was sufficient for Plummer to be secured in position, and the flogging commenced. The first blow made him wince terribly, writhing, as far as his well-secured arms and legs would allow. Suppressed exclamations escaped him as the blows fell, and it seemed as if involuntarily the quivering muscles crept closer to the triangle, so as to place a few more inches between them and the executioner. Plummer curved his back inwardly, and twisted himself about so as to hinder the strokes of the operator, who stopped and drew the lashes through his left hand from time to time, disentangling them, and waiting till the prisoner resumed an upright position, before he continued his flogging. The effects were far severer than in the case of Gallagher, the diagonal pink lines growing scarlet and running into one another till there was a broad carlet band which quivered and flushed and bled colour. But there was no blood; not a strand of the cat was stained.

## Life in Fiji.

In a *Daily Times* of a late date is published portions of a private letter from a lady resident in Fiji, dated "Levuka, October 20, 1872." We extract the following:—

"The Government have started a newspaper here, without the consent of the people, called the *Fiji Gazette*. Their intention is to inspire confidence in their Government in the Colonies and elsewhere abroad, in the hope that they may thus be able to borrow money, to be spent among themselves, as usual. The people complain because the Government have so many armed men at their command, but what can we do! The natives are armed at the people's expense, too. We dare not complain aloud, the Government are so despotic. It is nothing unusual for a policeman to walk into a private house without the consent of the occupiers. The other day a man was fined £2 and costs for trying to prevent a policeman from entering his house without authority. The Magistrate gave it as his opinion that a policeman in uniform, and without authority, can enter anywhere whenever he likes. So much for Fiji law.

"The Government issued paper money, also without the consent of the people. It is quite irredeemable too, as the Government

have no funds in the shape of coin to cash the paper, when the latter is presented. They dare not make any laws without first submitting them to the approval of the native chiefs. Consequently all the laws made are for the benefit of the natives. The native chiefs are paid high salaries by the Government, and when they come to Levuka they have with them a large crowd of followers, all of whom are supported at the expense of the white inhabitants. They stare into your house and walk into your bedroom, and you dare not say nay to them. One day a native woman was in the act of walking into my house, uninvited. We asked her what she wanted, and her only reply was to spit in my face. It is useless to appeal to the police, for they are ordered to take no notice of us. On the other hand, if a white man in any way offends a native, he is brought up and heavily fined. Our precious Government want money, and between taxes and heavy fines they manage to raise enough to keep the chiefs in good humour. In return, the chiefs make them presents of kauri, which is all they care for. The members of the Government, when any goods arrive here from the Colonies for them, make no scruple of using Government property, such as boats or men, to land them. The people here have not sufficient moral courage to resist their oppressions. Meanwhile, we must do, as the natives say to everything they are told to do—*malua*, i.e., wait a while."

## A Clever Escape.

The *Inangahua Herald* relates the following:—It will be within the recollection of our readers that a man known as German Jerry recently absconded from the employ of a storekeeper named Brandt, at the Landing, with about £33 in cash and gold. A warrant was out for his arrest, and information having been ascertained of his whereabouts, he was arrested by Constable Chichester at 4 a.m. on Thursday, about two miles above the Lyell, in a hut situated near the Buller river. Having to cross the river in a small boat the prisoner asked that his handcuffs might be removed, and this was done. On reaching mid-stream he suddenly sprang from the boat and dived a distance of 40 yards. The boat followed until near a dangerous fall, and then steered for the bank. Constable Chichester, the arresting officer, pursued the prisoner along the river bank, but the latter invariably dived on perceiving him, and the constable last saw him at the head of the fall, when he dived, and though Constable Chichester had a full view of the river for 120 yards he saw no more of the fugitive. The constable searched the bank of the river, but could discover no trace of him having emerged from the river. Chichester is certain the runaway could not have survived the passage of the fall. Brandt, however, is of opinion Jerry reached the bank in safety, as he believed that he saw him swimming strongly down the fall.

The constable's surmise has proved to be correct, for by a late telegram we see that the body of the daring swimmer has been found some distance below the fall referred to.

## Electioneering Pleasantries.

Pleasant times the political chiefs have in the United States. Mr Horace Greeley recently visited the capital of Indiana, and although treated with official discourtesy by Senator Morton, "who rules Indiana," through whose influence, it is said, a police detail was refused, he was amply compensated by the enthusiasm of 40,000 men, and the kisses of as many pretty women as could approach "the sage." Here is the scene at the hotel after Mr Greeley's speech, reported by us on Wednesday, as described by the correspondent of the *New York Herald*:—

"The girls commenced kissing the venerable sage. One buxom Hoosier lass had been noticed expressing her impatience on the preference given to the horrid men in all the arrangements, by stamping her feet and scolding her tall escort, and finally she said, as a kind of vent for her vexation, 'I'm going up, and I'm going to kiss him, too!' and she elbowed her way through the crowd and bestowed a hearty salute on the philosopher's chaste cheek, which he received with the meekness of a lamb. Then an irruption of kisses commenced. The Hoosier girls broke from their escorts and showered their genial favours on the fair face of the liberal chief in such profusion that he found it a more difficult thing to respond than usual. One girl returning to her big beau, said triumphantly: 'I've kissed our future President right in the mouth!'

Mr Greeley is a determined opponent of the "women's rights" movement; but it is quite clear he is not averse to their assertion to the right of public kissing, so long as he is the object of their chaste embraces. What would the candidates of the Superintendency of Otago not give, if their canvass was to be of so agreeable a character as that of Horace Greeley's in Indiana! We suspect the entrances for the Superintendental cup would be numerous.—*Evening Star*.

Mr J. B. Barnett, a Hebrew scholar, writing in the *Jerish Chronicle*, contends that the Prophet Jeremiah, with the remnant of the tribe of Judah, migrated to Ireland, and was no other than the celebrated Irish reformer and law-giver, Ollam Fola. The prophet brought with him the Lia Fail, or Stone of Destiny, which was subsequently conveyed by an Irish Prince to Scotland, for coronation purposes, and, centuries afterwards, removed to Westminster Abbey by Edward I.

## Stanley and Livingstone.

The *Boston Advertiser's* special from New York, discussing the question "Did Stanley find Livingstone?" says:—"The opinion rapidly increases that the whole affair is a hoax. Important revelations concerning this matter are promised in a day or two by several persons who know Stanley, and were familiar with his plans at the time of the expedition to Abyssinia and previous to his departure for Zanzibar. Several scientific gentlemen discussed the subject, and the opinion was that Stanley's story is false. A comparison of Livingstone's letter to Bennett with the private letter of Stanley shows a wonderful similarity of handwriting, and several experts pronounce them identical. The discrepancies already pointed out are to be followed by others. The letter to Livingstone's brother in Canada has been sent for, and pages from it will be compared with private letters known to be from Stanley's hand. A private letter from a member of the Royal Geographical Society of London says corroborating proofs are daily increasing that Stanley went into Africa as far as Unyamweye, where he learned of Livingstone's death, and obtained his diary and several other articles belonging to him. Knowing it to be a greater feat to find Livingstone alive, he concluded to make up the story and fabricate letters to corroborate his own statements. His denunciation of Dr Kirk is considered part of a plan to break the force of the latter's exposure of Stanley's fraud, and his remarks about the slave-trade are intended to divert attention. The letter says the English savans are nearly unanimous in regarding Stanley's story with distrust, and believe that he has imposed upon the *Herald*, and through it upon the whole world."

## GENERAL NEWS.

Miss Rose Evans is getting £160 a week at the Melbourne Theatre Royal.

A locust plague in South Australia is causing great destruction among the crops.

Intensely hot weather has been experienced all over the Australian Colonies.

H.R.H. Prince Leopold was to commence studying at Oxford in the October term.

A Miss Garrahan won the Fairfax prize at the University Examination in Sydney recently.

A hard-up individual in Ballarat the other day picked up a 27oz. nugget among the road metal in the street.

There are now about 230 Chinese in Tasmania. Two years ago, there was not one. They are nearly all engaged in mining.

180 London policemen have been dismissed for insubordination, arising out of a strike, and the ringleaders are being prosecuted.

A young woman has died in the Melbourne Hospital from injuries received by her clothes being set on fire by some Chinese crackers fired off by boys in the streets.

The Admiralty have selected a site at Greenwich Hospital for the erection of a memorial to the soldiers who fell in New Zealand wars.

The movement in Glasgow to erect a monument to Burns by means of shilling subscriptions has made good progress. Upwards of 11,000 individuals have contributed their shillings.

On the day after the race for the Melbourne Cup, complaints were made to the police by about fifty people that they had been robbed of their watches and chains. In some instances the chains had been cut, so as to permit of the easier abstraction of the watches from their fobs.

It appears, says the *Southland News*, that a considerable number of Mr Brogden's "navvies" are not entitled to the designation, inasmuch as they are profoundly ignorant of the art of filling and wheeling barrows, and that in consequence several have been released from their engagement to serve the firm until they had worked out their passage money.

The following amusing—and instructive—telegraphic colloquy took place, one day last week, between a Dunedin merchant and a business man not far from the Arrow:—Question—"Is there a wagon road from the Arrow to Skippers? How many miles? Reply immediately." Reply—"Yes, if the wagons and horses have wings, and can do the double-shuffle straight up 2000 feet."—*Wellington Mail*.

A sensational wager has just been made in the United States, where one Thomas J. Warren has laid a thousand dollars to a hundred, that Sergeant Bates, a veteran of the Civil War, will not be able to carry a full-sized American flag through England from the Scottish border to the Mansion House in London without its being insulted. A Home paper says that Bates is coming over to attempt the feat, and is confident of success.

A Brisbane paper, noticing the arrival of the *Omeo* from Port Darwin, remarks that "out of two hundred and twenty men specially engaged to join the expedition under Mr Patterson, we learn that only two were found possessing sufficient faith in the so-called Port Darwin gold-field to remain there. These men were at their own request left behind, and they are firmly resolved to prospect the country thoroughly before they return. From all that we learn of this supposed auriferous region, we are led to the conclusion that there is not the slightest prospect of any payable alluvial gold-field being discovered in the Northern Territory. The geological aspect of the country does not in the least degree warrant any belief in its existence. Slate and granite formations predominate everywhere, and the whole country has been denuded of its covering, leaving the primary rocks exposed."



## Dunedin Advertisements



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All kinds of Castings in Iron and Brass:

Stampers; Quartz-Crushing Machinery

Cast Iron Sluice and Ripple Plates

Overshot, Breast, &amp; Undershot Water-wheels

Steam Engines made and repaired.

Castings supplied for all kinds of Reaping,  
Threshing, and Horse-power Machines.

Furnace Bars; Fire-proof Doors &amp; Safes. [170]

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[Established 1859.]

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IRON FOUNDER, &amp; BLACKSMITH,

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Castings in Brass or Iron.

Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.

Overshot and Breast Water-wheels of Iron and  
Wood.

Quartz-crushing Machinery.

Pumping and Winding Gear.

Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates.

Sheet-iron Hopper-plates punched to any size.

Gold-dredging Spoons.

Machinery for Flour, Oatmeal, and Barley Mills

Reaping, Threshing, and Horse-power Ma-

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## VULCAN FOUNDRY

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KINCAID, McQUEEN AND CO.,

Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Founders,  
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All kinds of Castings in Brass and Iron.

Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.

Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels;  
Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-  
ing Gear.Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-iron  
Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any size  
of holes); Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.

Flour-mill Machinery.

All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power  
Machines made and repaired.

Improved Reaping Machines.

K., M'Q. and Co.'s improved Wrought-iron  
Piping for Plumbing and Hydraulic Mining is the  
best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Established Twenty Years.

## GEORGE MATTHEW S,

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MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN,

Begg to intimate that he has constantly on hand

Agricultural and Garden Seeds

Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in  
season

Garden Tools

Pruning Gloves

Flower Pots, &amp;c. &amp;c

## DUNEDIN SHAREBROKER.

Established 1863.

FREDERICK H. EVANS

Is prepared to deal with all SHARES for SALE  
in the CARRICK REEFS.Letters, and all other Country Business  
receive prompt attention. 35

## IMPERIAL HOTEL,

PRINCES-STREET SOUTH,

DUNEDIN.

Having taken the above hotel, I beg to intimate  
to my old friends and the public generally that  
I am prepared to offer the best accommodation  
to Boarders, private families, and Travellers, at  
Moderate Charges.

Very superior accommodation for Wedding

Parties, &amp;c.

FIRST-CLASS STABLES.—Horses, Buggies, and  
Carriages on hire.

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W. H. HAYDON.

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DRAPERS, CLOTHIERS, TAILORS, &amp;c.,

PRINCES AND MANSE STREETS,

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Possess su-

perior advantages

for supplying the very

best value in every descrip-

tion of Drapery and Clothing.

They have always on hand a large  
and well-assorted stock of Goods, se-  
lected by a buyer of experience and taste.  
Their Goods are all purchased direct from the  
best Manufacturers, for prompt cash, thus  
avoiding all intermediate profits; and  
they conduct their business in the  
most economical manner, by  
which they are enabled to  
sell the very best goods  
at the lowest pos-  
sible Prices.

Patterns sent Free to Every Part of the Colony.

TO GENTLEMEN:

A Chart for self-measurement, with pat-  
terns of Cloths and List of Prices, sent  
free on request. The Chart is intended to  
meet a long-felt want by parties at a dis-  
tance, who have hitherto found it impos-  
sible to get a perfect fit, either in Ready-  
made Clothing or garments made to order.

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## Patent Medicine

Protected by Royal Letters patent—dated  
October 11, 1869.

UNDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE.

## DR BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

A chemical preparation of Phosphorus, with  
the Vegetable Alkaloids, Quina, Cypriden,  
Xanthoxyl, &c. Discovered, introduced, and  
extensively prescribed by CHAS. LESLIE BRIGHT,  
M.D., Resident Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital,  
London.This Phosphatic combination is pronounced by  
the most eminent members of the medical pro-  
fession to be unequalled for its power in replen-  
ishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying  
all the essential constituents of the blood and  
nervous substance, and for developing all the  
powers and functions of the system to the high-  
est degree.It is agreeable to the palate, and innocent in  
its action, while retaining all its extraordinary  
properties; and as a specific, surpassing all the  
known therapeutic agents of the day for the  
speedy and permanent cure of:—

Nervous prostration	Shortness of breath
Liver complaints	Trembling of the hands
Palpitation of the heart	and limbs
Dizziness	Impaired nutrition
Noises in the head and Mental and physical de-	pression
Loss of energy and ap-	Consumption (in its in-
petite	ipient or first stages
Hypochondria	only)
Female complaints	Eruptions of the skin
General debility	Impaired sight and me-
Indigestion	memory
Flatulence	Nervous fancies
Incapacity for study or	Impoverished blood
business	Nervous debility in all
Sick headache	its stages
Lassitude	Premature decline

and all morbid conditions of the system arising  
from whatever cause. The action of the Phos-  
phodyne is twofold—on the one hand increasing  
the principle which constitutes nervous energy,  
and on the other the most powerful blood and  
flesh generating agent known; therefore, a mar-  
vellous medicine for renovating impaired and  
broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves  
the function of assimilation to such a degree,  
that where for years an emaciated, anxious, en-  
dagerous, and semi-vital condition has existed,  
the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and  
firmness, and the whole system return to a state  
of robust health.The Phosphodyne acts electrically upon the  
organisation; for instance, it assists nature to  
generate that human electricity which renews  
and rebuilds the osseous, muscular, nervous,  
membranous, and organic systems. It operates  
on the system without exciting cure or thought  
upon the individual as to the process. It moves  
the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and  
intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness,  
unparalleled in medicine.The Phosphodyne gives back to the human  
structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or  
animating element of life, which has been wasted,  
and exerts an important influence directly on the  
spinal marrow and nervous system, of a nutritive,  
tonic, and invigorating character; maintaining  
that buoyant energy of the brain and muscular  
system which renders the mind cheerful, bril-  
liant, and energetic, entirely overcoming that  
dull, inactive, and sluggish disposition which  
many persons experience in all their actions.The beneficial effects of the Phosphodyne are  
frequently shown from the first day of its ad-

## Patent Medicines

ministration, by a remarkable increase of nervous  
power with a feeling of vigor and comfort to  
which the patient has long been unaccustomed.  
Digestion is improved; the appetite increases  
wonderfully; the bowels become regular; the  
eyes brighter; the skin clear and healthy; and  
the hair acquires strength, showing the impor-  
tance of the Phosphodyne on the organs of nu-  
trition.Finally, the Phosphodyne maintains a certain  
degree of activity in the previously debilitated  
nervous system; its use enables all debilitated  
organs to return to their sound state and perform  
their natural functions. Persons suffering from  
Nervous Debility, or any of the hundred symp-  
toms which this distressing disease assumes, may  
rest assured of an effectual and even speedy cure  
by the judicious use of this most invaluable  
remedy.

## DR BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

is sold only in cases at L.1 1s., containing Two  
bottles; and L.2 2s., containing Five bottles;—  
also in family cases at L.5, containing Sixteen  
bottles. To be had of all Chemists and up-  
country Storekeepers throughout the Colonies.Full directions for use, in the English, French,  
and German languages, accompany each case.

## SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS:

Sir Charles Locock, Physician Accoucheur to  
her Majesty the Queen, stated at a meeting of  
the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society that  
in thirteen cases of debility and nervous prostra-  
tion he had effected permanent cures by the use  
of Dr Bright's Phosphodyne.Sir Wm. Ferguson, Bart., F.R.S., surgeon to  
her Majesty the Queen, says:—"I have re-  
peatedly prescribed Dr Bright's Phosphodyne  
and found it an agreeable and beneficial remedy.  
I have but one objection regarding it, and that is,  
the elaborate process required in the preparation  
will not allow of the retail price being within the  
reach of all classes."Dr Lancaster, the eminent coroner, says:—"Dr  
Bright's Phosphodyne is calculated to en-  
tirely supersede iron, mercury, sarsaparilla,  
quinine, and cod-liver oil."Dr R. Quain, F.R.C.P., physician to the Hos-  
pital for Consumption, Brompton, remarks:—"It  
cannot be doubted that this Phosphatic  
preparation will henceforth rank foremost in  
therapeutics; it generates all the important ele-  
ments of the human frame, the peculiar character  
of this substance fitting it for vital uses."Sir T. Lawrence says:—"I have found Dr  
Bright's Phosphodyne an excellent remedy in  
skin diseases. I presume it is by oxydisation."Professor Syme says:—"The effects of the  
Phosphodyne in obstinate cases of disease are as  
astounding as perplexing."Dr Handfield Jones, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., phy-  
sician to St. Mary's Hospital, says in atrophy,  
and general debility, Phosphodyne is a most  
admirable remedy; it invigorates the nutritive  
functions, and increases the vital energy;—"it  
not only acts as an absorbent," but retards or  
repairs the waste of tissue, and restores the  
nutritive functions to their normal condition."The *Lancet* considers the Phosphodyne one of  
the most important contributions made to materia  
medica during the last century.CAUTION.—Be particular to ask for Dr Bright's  
Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad.Pamphlets containing testimonials may be ob-  
tained from all chemists and up-country store-  
keepers.

Wholesale agents for New Zealand:

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER AND CO.,  
DUNEDIN.

## A PARADOX!—TO SUFFERERS.

### NERVOUSNESS,

### ITS NATURE AND CURE.

WHAT IS NERVOUSNESS?—Various answers  
might be given to this question, according to  
the constitution and knowledge of the indi-  
vidual. Strong healthy persons, whether medi-  
cally educated or not, generally regard nervous-  
ness as more or less an "imaginary complaint";  
it is sometimes only believed to be real when  
the patient is found to be dying or dead. The  
best answer to the question, probably, is this.—  
NERVOUSNESS IS AN UNNATURAL CONDITION OF  
THE NERVOUS SYSTEM. Sometimes this unnat-  
ural state is accompanied with considerable bodily  
weakness, loss of flesh, and loss of strength; but  
in most cases there is in the earlier stages of the  
disorder no outward sign of weakness. The suf-  
ferers are found in both sexes; they often have  
the bloom of health upon the cheek; they are  
surrounded by kind friends, yet existence to  
them has no charms, for they feel that they can-  
not enjoy it. Without intending it, they annoy  
other people about the merest trifles; if they  
encounter some person unexpectedly they feel  
confused, afraid, and alarmed; the heart beats  
violently, the hand shakes when writing, and  
the whole frame at times experiences a complete  
tremulousness. The intellect also is sometimes  
clouded, the memory fails, the judgment becomes  
indistinct, the will capricious and undecided,  
the taste vitiated, the imagination broods upon  
unpleasant topics, the spirits are either very low  
or very excited, the ordinary duties of life be-  
come burdensome, society is shunned, and busi-  
ness neglected.A STRANGE SPECTACLE.—It is certain-  
ly strange, but not the less true, that perfect-  
sane persons in the prime of life, with firm sto-  
machs and healthy countenances, may occasionally be  
met with, who, in spite of possessing all the  
advantages of education, religion, ample means,  
and kind friends, nevertheless are victims of its  
nervousness above described; unhappy them-  
selves, they render other people unhappy. Why  
is this? What cause has operated to change the  
cheerful, active, obliging, unsuspecting, and un-  
complaining youth into the unhappy, drowsy,  
listless, suspicious, and gloomy misanthrope?  
Many causes, or one cause: only, may operate to  
produce this sad state: the cause may be either  
mental or physical, or both combined.ATTEMPTS TO CURE NERVOUSNESS by means of  
ordinary tonics have so frequently proved fruit-  
less, that the leading physicians now for the  
most part recommend hygienic means, such as  
exercise in the open air, regular habits, ab-  
bathing, the cold bath friction; change of ir-  
regular scene, as in travelling. If all these fail, as  
they often do, what is to be done?

## Patent Medicines

THE ANSWER will be found by carefully per-  
using the following Work:—

Ninth Edition; Post Free, 1s. 4d.

## NERVOUS DEBILITY, Its Cause and Cure, With Plain Directions for Perfect Restoration Health.

Applications for a copy of the above Work  
must be accompanied by the amount in New  
Zealand or other stamps, also a properly directed  
envelope.

ADDRESS:

CHARLES SENNET, Agent,  
Brooklyn House, Flagstaff Gardens, Melbourne.

## THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

## HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

### Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dan-  
gerous, than affections of the respiratory organs.  
The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, or  
influenza may always be radically removed by  
Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly re-  
move any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve  
any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried  
breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office  
with ease and regularity. These Pills, by the  
purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all im-  
purities, and fortify the system against consump-  
tion, asthma, and similar complaints.

### Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are fre-  
quently getting out of order, and require some  
suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's  
Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity  
and certainty. They do not distress the system,  
or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate  
the digestive organs. They gently act on the  
stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys,  
perform their functions efficiently, and act upon  
the bowels without gripping or any other annoy-  
ance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they  
cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they  
entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and  
biliousness.

### Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints  
should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills.  
They act most energetically on the glandular  
and absorbent system, purify the blood, and  
impart a vigour which age or other causes may  
have temporarily taken away. They excite the  
kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimu-  
late the absorbents to remove the fluid already  
collected.

### Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills  
for correcting the ailments incidental to female.  
They may be taken with safety for any irregu-  
larity of the system, as they remove all cause  
of malady, and so restore, by their grand puri-  
fying properties, females of all ages to robust  
health.

### Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throat.

How all important it is to check the de-  
parture from health! all may do so by taking  
Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction.  
In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, or  
muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, cold  
coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the  
earlier they are taken the better.

### Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as fever,  
its attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all dis-  
eases of the skin, may be immediately checked  
and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which  
may be reduced to a powder, and given in do-  
se of one, two, or three nightly, according to the  
age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment,  
soothing, cooling, and healing, and is bet-  
ter adapted than any other remedy for all external  
ailments.

### Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to  
disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when  
neglected, to become seriously diseased. When  
jaundice, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach  
warns us that digestion is not proceeding prop-  
erly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function,  
give strength to every organ, speedily remove  
all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headache,  
and effect a permanent cure.

### Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a  
highly inflammatory state; the stomach is dis-  
ordered, and the liver and kidneys unnat-  
urally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken  
in time, will rectify all these symptoms by the  
cooling and purifying properties.

### Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known

in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colic	Rheumatism
Constipation of the	Retention of Urine
Bowels	Sore Throat
Consumption	Stomach and Gravel
Debility	Secondary Symptoms
Dropsy	Tie Polaireux
Dysentery	Tumours
Erysipelas	Ulcers
Female Irregularities	Veneral Affections
Fever of all kinds	Worms of all kinds
Fits	Weakness, from what- ever cause
Gout	&c. &c. &c.
Headache	
Indigestion	

\* \* \* There is a considerable saving by taking  
the larger sizes.N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients  
in every disorder are affixed to each box, and  
can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

Cromwell (Otago, New Zealand)

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